(A Component Unit of the City of San Diego, California)

Independent Auditor's Reports, Basic Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information, and Supplementary Information

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019



For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of Civic San Diego

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Civic San Diego (Corporation), a component unit of the City of San Diego, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Corporation's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Corporation as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 12 to the basic financial statements, effective July 29, 2019, the City of San Diego withdrew its membership in the Corporation pursuant to a settlement agreement resolving two lawsuits brought against the Corporation. As a result of the City's withdrawal, as of July 29, 2019, the Corporation is no longer a component unit of the City for financial reporting purposes.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information for the General Fund and the Downtown Community Parking Program special revenue fund, listed as required supplementary information in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Corporation's basic financial statements. The supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 18, 2019, on our consideration of the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Diego, California October 18, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

As management of Civic San Diego (Corporation), a component unit of the City of San Diego (City), we offer readers of the Corporation's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Corporation for the year ended June 30, 2019. On behalf of the City, the Corporation carries out certain municipal functions such as planning and design review within the Centre City area. The City Council created the Corporation originally to administer redevelopment, but subsequently has added the administration of the design review process and planning functions, consistent with the community plan and planned district ordinances, within the Centre City area. Additionally, the City has designated the Corporation as the Downtown Community Parking District Advisory Board (Downtown CPD), which boundaries are concurrent with those of the Centre City area, to oversee, implement and manage parking within the Centre City area.

The information contained in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is unaudited and represents management's analysis for the year ended June 30, 2019. The audited financial statements can be found beginning on page 12. The purpose of MD&A is to inform the reader on management's insights about the reporting entity and to increase the readers' understanding, and the usefulness of the financial reports as well as providing accessible information about the Corporation and its operation, successes, challenges, and the future. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that has been furnished.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Corporation's basic financial statements. The Corporation's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) Government-Wide Financial Statements, (2) Governmental Funds Financial Statements, and (3) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. The basic financial statements are also accompanied by required supplementary information, which includes this Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules for the General Fund and the Downtown Community Parking Program Special Revenue Fund.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Corporation's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information of all the Corporation's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as Net Position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Corporation is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing changes in the Corporation's net position during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues, and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., depreciation and earned but unused compensated absences).

The Government-Wide Financial Statements can be found on pages 12 and 13 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Governmental Funds Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Corporation uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Corporation uses a general fund and special revenue funds for recording its activities.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for the Corporation's governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Corporation's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the governmental funds and governmental activities. The governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 14 through 17 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The Corporation is financially reliant on the Successor Agency to the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Diego (Successor Agency). As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, the Corporation had the following assets, liabilities and net position:

CIVIC SAN DIEGO Comparative Statements of Net Position June 30, 2019 and 2018

	FY2019	 FY2018
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash	\$ 2,941,554	\$ 1,549,966
Restricted cash	7,336,633	5,458,775
Receivables for reimbursable expenses		
from the City of San Diego	1,364,811	2,590,832
Accounts receivable	1,281,136	984,994
Prepaid expenses	2,200	3,225
Capital assets, construction in progress	322,327	310,369
Capital assets, depreciable, net	1,354,832	1,531,566
Long-term notes receivable	660,096	535,000
Long-term investments	12,485	10,590
Total assets	15,276,074	12,975,317
LIABILITIES		
Accrued liabilities	1,012,250	953,958
Loans payable	600,000	-
Deposits held for others	150,000	240,000
Compensated absences - due in one year	118,223	116,029
Compensated absences - due after one year	130,370	104,034
Unearned revenues	325,375	2,094,370
Advances from the City of San Diego	732,530	732,530
Total liabilities	3,068,748	4,240,921
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NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	1,677,159	1,841,935
Restricted for parking and		
community investment	8,840,946	5,564,147
Unrestricted	 1,689,221	 1,328,314
Total net position	\$ 12,207,326	\$ 8,734,396

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

The Corporation's net position increased in FY2019 by \$3,472,930. The ending net position of the Corporation as of June 30, 2019 was \$12,207,326. The increase is primarily attributable to revenues from the FAR Bonus program, New Markets Tax Credit (NMTC) program and Civic San Diego Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund (Growth Fund). In FY2019, the FAR Bonus program recognized \$2,355,959 of revenues related to payments received in the current year; the NMTC program closed three projects, which resulted in one-time placement fees for each project totaling \$879,750; and the Growth Fund issued community impact loans, which generated origination fees and interest income, recognized loan servicing fees and incentive management fees, grants and contributions totaling \$152,116.

CIVIC SAN DIEGO Comparative Stetements of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

	<u>FY2019</u>			FY2018	Difference		
Program Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$	6,900,622	\$	2,276,168	\$	4,624,454	
Operating Grants and Contributions		5,709,967		6,923,210		(1,213,243)	
Capital Grants and Contributions		252,419		617,128		(364,709)	
General Revenues:							
Interest		59,494		9,406		50,088	
Miscellaneous		70,100		2,780		67,320	
Total Revenues		12,992,602		9,828,692		3,163,910	
Program Expenses							
General Government and Support							
and Successor Agency		4,010,939		4,289,835		(278,896)	
Planning		982,295		1,046,458		(64,163)	
Parking District		3,224,796		3,276,487		(51,691)	
Community Investment		643,477		735,233		(91,756)	
New Markets Tax Credit Program		658,165		693,318		(35,153)	
Total expenses		9,519,672		10,041,331		(521,659)	
Change in net position		3,472,930		(212,639)		3,685,569	
Net position - beginning of the year		8,734,396		8,947,035		(212,639)	
Net position - end of the year	\$	12,207,326	\$	8,734,396	\$	3,472,930	

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

The Corporation's net position increased by \$3,472,930 due to revenues recognized during FY2019, which exceeded the expenses of the Corporation. During FY2019, the Corporation collected various one-time revenues, which resulted in revenues exceeding the expenses. Those one-time revenues recognized during FY2019 were FAR Bonus payments, NMTC closing fees and interest and closing fees earned from loans issued by the Growth Fund. The FAR Bonus program recognized prior year unearned revenues as earned as well as the recognition of current year FAR Bonus funds totaling \$2,355,959. The NMTC program closed three transactions earning one-time placement fees totaling \$879,750 as well as generated annual asset management fees and compliance revenues for eleven projects. The Growth Fund recognized interest income and origination fees for loans disbursed to other non-profit organizations that support low-income, underserved areas, as well as collected grants and contributions totaling \$152,116. The \$1.2 million decrease in operating grants and contributions from the City are directly related to services provided to the City, which were significantly less than FY2018. Additionally, in FY2018 the Corporation recognized an additional \$349,177 in contributions from the City to offset the expenses incurred in the Planning department. The \$364,709 decrease in capital grants and contributions is directly related to project expenses for SANDAG and California Natural Resources Agency grants, which were less than in FY2018.

General Fund Financial Analysis

The Corporation's General Fund financial statements include only the current inflows and outflows of spendable resources and related balances at the end of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

CIVIC SAN DIEGO Comparative Balance Sheets General Fund June 30, 2019 and 2018

	FY 2019	FY2018	Difference		
Assets:					
Cash	\$ 2,055,883	\$ 617,948	\$	1,437,935	
Restricted cash	4,602,906	2,933,820		1,669,086	
Receivables for reimbursable expenditures					
from the City of San Diego	247,009	1,316,494		(1,069,485)	
Accounts receivable	379,266	543,446		(164,180)	
Prepaid items	 2,200	 3,225		(1,025)	
Total assets	\$ 7,287,264	\$ 5,414,933	\$	1,872,331	
<u>Liabilities:</u>					
Accrued liabilities	\$ 340,733	\$ 202,012	\$	138,721	
Deposits held for others	150,000	150,000		-	
Unearned revenues	325,375	2,094,370		(1,768,995)	
Total liabilities	816,108	 2,446,382		(1,630,274)	
Fund Balance:					
Nonspendable	2,200	3,225		(1,025)	
Restricted	5,616,355	2,936,007		2,680,348	
Unassigned	 852,601	 29,319		823,282	
Total fund balance	6,471,156	 2,968,551		3,502,605	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 7,287,264	\$ 5,414,933	\$	1,872,331	

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

The Corporation is comprised of the General Fund and two major special revenue funds; the Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund (Growth Fund) and the Downtown Community Parking Program (DCPP) Fund. The Growth Fund is a blended component unit of the Corporation.

The General Fund excludes the liability associated with compensated absences and long-term advances payable to the City, whereas the government-wide statement of net position includes such liabilities. The Corporation restricted cash is primarily made up of FAR Bonus funds collected in the current year, as well as prior years, to be used on projects that are eligible to utilize FAR Bonus funds. In FY2019, approximately \$2.4 million in FAR bonus fees were collected and approximately \$800,000 was expended for the 14th Street Pedestrian Promenade Demonstration Block project, 14th Street Block II Pilot project, Fault Line Dog Park, and Children's Park. Additionally the 14th Street Pedestrian Promenade Demonstration Block project is supported by a grant received from SANDAG and the 14th Street Block II Pilot project is supported by a grant received from California Natural Resource Agency. The significant increases in cash is due to the timely collection of accounts receivable, primarily from the City of San Diego, which offsets the significant decrease in accounts receivable compared to FY2018. The Growth Fund also collected interest and fees for loans disbursed to other non-profit organizations, which resulted in an increase in cash.

CIVIC SAN DIEGO Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance General Fund For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

	FY 2019	FY 2018	Difference		
Revenues:					
Contributions from the City of San Diego	\$ 3,172,622	\$ 4,524,721	\$	(1,352,099)	
Charges for services	1,726,218	1,545,805		180,413	
Contributions from the Growth Fund	608,477	707,557		(99,080)	
Other Grants/Contributions	168,561	520,007		(351,446)	
FAR Bonus program income	4,119,105	-		4,119,105	
Interest	17,153	3,481		13,672	
Miscellaneous	 70,100	 80		70,020	
Total revenues	 9,882,236	 7,301,651		2,580,585	
Expenditures:					
General government and support and Successor Agency	3,959,715	4,371,399		(411,684)	
Planning	982,295	1,046,458		(64,163)	
Parking district	317,251	531,115		(213,864)	
Community investment	608,477	725,233		(116,756)	
New Markets Tax Credit program	 511,893	641,980		(130,087)	
Total expenditures	 6,379,631	 7,316,185		(936,554)	
Net change in fund balance	 3,502,605	 (14,534)		3,517,139	
Fund balance - beginning of year	2,968,551	2,983,085		(14,534)	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 6,471,156	\$ 2,968,551	\$	3,502,605	

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

For comparative purposes, the table below represents expenditures incurred for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, as reported in the General Fund.

Expenditures	 FY 2019 FY 2018			Difference		
Salaries and Benefits	\$ 3,889,689	\$	4,791,553		\$	(901,864)
Legal, Computer, Auditing and Consulting Services	757,828		1,387,522			(629,694)
Rent and Leasehold Improvements	532,999		483,545			49,454
Community Investment	30,932		200,178			(169,246)
Insurance	157,969		151,427			6,542
Marketing, Printing and Reproduction	86,509		93,765			(7,256)
Furniture and Equipment	43,631		67,020			(23,389)
Office Supplies	72,838		46,869			25,969
Communication and Utilities	24,230		26,404			(2,174)
Dues and Seminars	30,181		23,529			6,652
Auto and Business	17,056		20,982			(3,926)
Repairs and Maintenance	4,975		6,451			(1,476)
Recruitment	109		6,297			(6,188)
Directors Expenses	5,565		5,323			242
Travel	15,020		5,320			9,700
Project and Capital Outlay - Construction	710,100			_		710,100
	\$ 6,379,631	\$	7,316,185		\$	(936,554)

The Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance for the General Fund provide a "look back" for the two most recent years comparing the various expenditures of the Corporation. The expenditures for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$6,379,631 and \$7,316,185, respectively. In FY2019, expenditures decreased by \$936,554, or 12.8%, as compared to FY2018.

The most significant changes within the Corporation's expenditures are as follows:

- ➤ Salaries and Benefits decreased by \$901,864, or 18.82%, as compared to FY2018. The full time equivalents decreased from 40 in FY2018 to 30 in FY2019 due to attrition. In FY2018, one-time payments were made to terminated personnel in the form of accrued vacation payouts and severance payments causing higher expenditures to the salaries and benefits line item as compared to FY2019.
- ▶ Legal, Computer, Auditing and Consulting Services line item decreased by \$629,694, or 45.38% in FY2019 as compared to FY2018. The decrease is primarily in the legal and other consultant line items. The legal expenses decreased in FY2019 as compared to FY2018 as legal services concluded due to the settlement of claims. The consultants' expenses were significantly higher in FY2018 because the South Crest Trails Park project was in the construction phase and was the largest expense for the consultants' line item. In FY2019, the South Crest project entered into the maintenance phase and had minimal expenses related to consultants, although various other projects used consultants for the design phase in FY2019 and now are anticipated to move forward into the construction phase in FY2020.
- > Community Investment expenditures decreased by \$169,246, or 84.55% in FY2019. The expenditures that the Corporation assumed in past years for the pursuit of projects that will benefit underserved areas in San Diego County are now being assumed by the Growth Fund directly. The Growth Fund will continue to pursue projects that will assist in the growth and development of underserved communities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

General Fund Budget Comparison

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund by category can be found on page 31 of this report. The FY2019 overall expenditures were under budget by \$3,106,369, or 32.75% primarily due to savings in the projects and capital outlay – construction, salaries and benefits, legal, computer, auditing and consulting services, and community investment line items mentioned previously. The Corporation may from time-to-time make budgetary line item adjustments to accommodate the Corporation's administrative operating activities. Budget adjustments are presented to the Corporation's Board for review and approval. In FY2019, the Corporation did not have any budget amendments.

Capital Assets

Changes in the Corporation's capital assets are for capital outlay in the Downtown Community Parking Program fund of \$11,958, related to the East Village Green Funding (formerly Cedar Gateway & Future) project, offset by \$176,734 in current year depreciation expense.

Long-Term Liabilities

Changes to the Corporation's long-term liabilities during FY2019 was reduced by \$1,740,465. The change in long-term liabilities is due to the FAR Bonus unearned revenues accumulated from prior years, being recognized as earned revenue in FY2019 offset by the accumulation of vacation hours.

Next Year's Budget

The Corporation and City of San Diego have adopted the FY2020 Budget. The FY2020 operating budget for the Corporation is \$27,204,000 representing an increase of \$17,718,000 or 186.8% as compared to the Corporation's FY2019 Budget. The Corporation separated the budget into two categories: Administrative and Programs and Projects. The increase reflects the following:

- ➤ The Personnel administrative expense portion decreased by \$660,000, or 14.3% for FY2020 compared to FY2019. The Personnel Expense line item is comprised of 26.8 Full-Time Equivalents (FTEs) with \$2.8 million budgeted for Salaries and \$1.2 million budgeted for taxes and benefits.
- > The FY2020 Non-Personnel administrative expense budget increased by \$63,000, or 3.2% compared to the FY2019 budget.
- > The Corporation included a separate category for Programs and Projects, which is the most significant increase of the FY2020 budget by \$ 18.3 million, or 629.4%. The significant increase in this category will be funded from several revenue sources consisting of FAR Bonus funds, grant revenue, Successor Agency bonds, Downtown Parking District meter revenue and developer impact fees. The projects include East Village Green Park and Parking Garage, 14th Street Promenade, 14th Street Block II (Pilot), Downtown Wayfinding Cycle Track, Fault Line Park, Children's Park and E Street Greenway Master Plan.

The FY2020 Budget is categorized by function and each function's respective revenue source(s). The functions include (1) Successor Agency Administration and Project Management for which the Corporation will seek reimbursement from the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Diego for the wind-down process underway pursuant to AB X1 26; (2) Housing Successor administration and project management fees for which the Corporation will seek reimbursement from the Housing Successor entity; and (3) Community Investments and other activities for which the Corporation will offset the cost by seeking grants and contributions from financial institutions or private contributions; and (4) the Corporation will seek reimbursements for projects assigned by the City from developer impact fees (DIF), FAR Bonus funds or other City funds made available to the Corporation.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

In addition, the Corporation is a registered Community Development Entity (CDE) with the U.S. Treasury Department through the Community Development Financial Institution Fund (CDFI) and is eligible to apply for and be allocated NMTC's. The CDFI's mission is to increase economic opportunity and promote community development investments for underserved populations and in distressed communities in the United States. The Corporation has received \$133,000,000 in NMTC allocations and has disbursed \$126,175,000 through June 30, 2019.

Risks and Uncertainties

The Successor Agency is the primary funding source for the Corporation; therefore, any reduction in the Successor Agency's funding could substantially alter the services provided by the Corporation.

On behalf of the City, the Corporation carries out certain municipal functions such as planning and design review within the Centre City area. The City Council created the Corporation originally to administer redevelopment, but subsequently added the administration of and the review and planning functions, consistent with the community plan and planned district ordinances within the Centre City area. Additionally, the City has designated the Corporation as the Downtown Community Parking District Advisory Board (Downtown CPD), which boundaries are concurrent with those of the Centre City area, to oversee, implement, and manage parking within the Centre City area.

However, effective July 29, 2019, the City of San Diego withdrew its membership in the Corporation pursuant to a settlement agreement resolving two lawsuits brought against the Corporation (see Note 12 for further information.) As a result of the City's withdrawal, as of July 29, 2019, the Corporation is no longer a component unit of the City for financial reporting purposes. Also, the Corporation will not be performing any new permitting, planning, and downtown parking functions on behalf of the City.

Forward Looking Statements

This MD&A may contain "forward looking" information. Forward looking statements can be identified by use of such words as "plans", "anticipates", "expects", "is expected", "in the event", "approximately" "scheduled", "estimates", "forecasts", "intends", or "believes" or variations of such words and phrases or state that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "might" or "will" be taken, occur or be achieved. These forward looking statements relate to, among other things, the Corporation's assumptions regarding future results of operations. These forward looking statements are based on current expectations, various assumptions, and analyses made by us in light of our experience and our perceptions of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments and other factors that we believe are appropriate in the circumstances. These forward looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results or events to differ materially from those anticipated in our forward looking statements.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Corporation's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer at Civic San Diego, 401 B Street, Suite 400, San Diego, CA 92101.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Current assets: Cash Restricted cash Receivables for reimbursable expenses from the City of San Diego Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Noncurrent assets: Long-term investments Notes receivable Capital assets, nondepreciable	2,941,554 7,336,633 1,364,811 1,281,136 2,200 12,485 660,096 322,327 1,354,832
Restricted cash Receivables for reimbursable expenses from the City of San Diego Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Noncurrent assets: Long-term investments Notes receivable	7,336,633 1,364,811 1,281,136 2,200 12,485 660,096 322,327
Receivables for reimbursable expenses from the City of San Diego Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Noncurrent assets: Long-term investments Notes receivable	1,364,811 1,281,136 2,200 12,485 660,096 322,327
from the City of San Diego Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Noncurrent assets: Long-term investments Notes receivable	1,281,136 2,200 12,485 660,096 322,327
Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Noncurrent assets: Long-term investments Notes receivable	1,281,136 2,200 12,485 660,096 322,327
Prepaid expenses Noncurrent assets: Long-term investments Notes receivable	2,200 12,485 660,096 322,327
Noncurrent assets: Long-term investments Notes receivable	12,485 660,096 322,327
Long-term investments Notes receivable	660,096 322,327
Notes receivable	660,096 322,327
	322,327
Capital assets, nondepreciable	
	1,354.832
Capital assets, depreciable, net	, · , -
Total assets	15,276,074
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accrued liabilities	1,012,250
Loans payable	600,000
Deposits held for others	150,000
Compensated absences - due in one year	118,223
Long-term liabilities:	
Compensated absences - due after one year	130,370
Unearned revenues	325,375
Advances from the City of San Diego	732,530
Total liabilities	3,068,748
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	1,677,159
Restricted for parking and community investment	8,840,946
Unrestricted	1,689,221
Total net position \$	

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Charges for Services		-		-				(Operating Grants and	G	Capital rants and	(Expe	let Revenue nse) and Change
Functions/Programs	Expenses			Co	ontributions	Co	ntributions	in	Net Position						
Governmental Activities:															
General government and support	\$ 1,206,722	\$	4,299,832	\$	_	\$	108,858	\$	3,201,968						
Successor agency	2,804,217		-		2,746,513		143,561		85,857						
Planning	982,295		1,033,598		-		-		51,303						
Parking district	3,224,796		-		2,908,454		-		(316,342)						
Community investment	643,477		-		55,000		-		(588,477)						
New markets tax credit program	658,165		1,567,192				-		909,027						
Total governmental activities	\$ 9,519,672	\$	6,900,622	\$	5,709,967	\$	252,419		3,343,336						
	General Revenue	es:													
	Interest								59,494						
	Miscellaneous								70,100						
	Total general rev	enue	S						129,594						
	Change in net po	sition	ı						3,472,930						
	Net position - beg	ginni	ng of year						8,734,396						
	Net position - end	d of y	ear					\$	12,207,326						

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	G	General Fund		Special Rev					
		Civic San Diego		Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund		Downtown Community Parking Program		Total overnmental Funds	
ASSETS									
Cash Restricted cash	\$	2,055,883 4,602,906	\$	885,671	\$	2,733,727	\$	2,941,554 7,336,633	
Receivables for reimbursable expenditures		4,002,900		-		2,733,727		7,330,033	
from the City of San Diego		247,009		-		1,117,802		1,364,811	
Accounts receivable		379,266		901,870		-		1,281,136	
Prepaid items		2,200		-		-		2,200	
Long-term investments			-	12,485				12,485	
Total assets	\$	7,287,264	\$	1,800,026	\$	3,851,529	\$	12,938,819	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:									
Accrued liabilities	\$	340,733	\$	165,981	\$	505,536	\$	1,012,250	
Loans payable		150,000		600,000		-		600,000	
Deposits held for others Unearned revenues		150,000 325,375		-		-		150,000 325,375	
Official revenues		323,373		<u>-</u> _				323,313	
Total liabilities		816,108		765,981		505,536		2,087,625	
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable		2,200		12,485		-		14,685	
Restricted		5,616,355		1 021 560		3,345,993		8,962,348	
Assigned Unassigned		852,601		1,021,560		-		1,021,560 852,601	
								032,001	
Total fund balances		6,471,156		1,034,045		3,345,993		10,851,194	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	7,287,264	\$	1,800,026	\$	3,851,529	\$	12,938,819	
									

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Total fund balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 10,851,194
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position were different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	1,677,159
Long-term notes receivable due from third parties which are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	660,096
Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(248,593)
Long-term advances from the City of San Diego are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(732,530)
Net position of Governmental Activities	\$ 12,207,326

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	G	eneral Fund	Special Revenue Funds					
	Civic San Diego		Economic Growth and Neighborhood go Investment Fund		Downtown Community Parking Program		Eliminations	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:								
Contributions from the City of San Diego:								
Successor agency	\$	2,746,513	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 2,746,513
Parking meters		317,251		-		2,908,454	(317,251)	2,908,454
Developer impact fees		108,858		-		-	-	108,858
Charges for services:				010.256				010.256
Placement and servicing fees		-		910,356		-	(511.002)	910,356
Management fees - new markets tax credit program		511,893		656,836		-	(511,893)	656,836
Permit fees		1,033,598		-		-	-	1,033,598
Earned developer deposits		180,727		-		-	- (600, 477)	180,727
Contributions from Growth Fund		608,477		-		-	(608,477)	4 110 105
FAR Bonus Program income		4,119,105 143,561		-		-	-	4,119,105
Intergovernmental grants				30.000		-	-	143,561
Other grants and contributions		25,000		100,000		-	-	55,000 100,000
Loan repayments Interest		17,153		42,341		-	-	59,494
Miscellaneous		70,100		42,341		-	-	70,100
Miscenaneous								
Total revenues		9,882,236		1,739,533		2,908,454	(1,437,621)	13,092,602
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government and support		1,155,498		-		-	-	1,155,498
Successor agency		2,804,217		-		-	-	2,804,217
Planning		982,295		-		-	-	982,295
Parking district		317,251		-		3,082,714	(317,251)	3,082,714
Community investment		608,477		868,573		-	(608,477)	868,573
New markets tax credit program		511,893		658,165		-	(511,893)	658,165
Total expenditures		6,379,631		1,526,738		3,082,714	(1,437,621)	9,551,462
Net change in fund balances		3,502,605		212,795		(174,260)	-	3,541,140
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year		2,968,551		821,250		3,520,253		7,310,054
End of year	\$	6,471,156	\$	1,034,045	\$	3,345,993	\$ -	\$ 10,851,194

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total Governmental Funds

\$ 3,541,140

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities were different because:

Governmental funds report the acquisition and/or construction of capital assets as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amounts below represent the depreciation expense on capital assets and capital asset acquisitions.

Capital outlay 11,958
Depreciation expense (176,734)

Governmental funds report long-term notes receivable as expenditures when the loan proceeds are paid and recognizes revenue upon repayment of principal. However, in the Statement of Net Position the loan proceeds paid is reported as an asset and repayment of the principal reduces the long-term notes receivable. Any amount which is not repaid will be reported as an expense at the point in time it is determined to be uncollectible. The amounts below represent current year loan expenditures and repayments of principal amounts.

Loan expenditures 225,096
Loan repayments (100,000)

In the Statement of Activities, compensated absences (vacation and sick leave) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (the amounts actually paid) and any amounts due and payable at year-end. During fiscal year 2019, vacation and sick leave earned was less than the amount used.

(28,530)

Change in net position of Governmental Activities

\$ 3,472,930

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS

Financial Reporting Entity

Civic San Diego (Corporation) is a nonprofit public benefit corporation originally incorporated on March 31, 1975 as Centre City Development Corporation, Inc. The Corporation was established to administer certain redevelopment projects in downtown San Diego and to provide redevelopment advisory services to the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Diego (Redevelopment Agency), now the Successor Agency of the Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Diego (Successor Agency). The Corporation, pursuant to a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the City of San Diego (City), acting as the Downtown Community Parking District Advisory Board, also administers the Downtown Community Parking District Program (DCPD Program). The Corporation is primarily funded by contributions from the City. The Corporation is governed by a nine member board of directors who are appointed by the mayor of the City and the San Diego City Council.

The Corporation is a blended component unit of the City, as the City is financially accountable for the Corporation. The Corporation's annual budget and governing board are approved by the City Council of the City of San Diego. The Corporation provides services to the Successor Agency and the City. The City Council's function is to appoint the Board of Directors of the Corporation. The Corporation is authorized to enter into contracts for and on behalf of the City and the Successor Agency pursuant to its Operating Agreement and/or other applicable agreements, if any, with the City. The Corporation, on behalf of the Successor Agency, also carries out the wind-down functions of the former project areas administered by the Corporation and the former Southeastern Economic Development Corporation (SEDC), including other planning, parking, and economic development functions on behalf of the City.

On June 25, 2012, the City, as the designated Successor Agency to the former Redevelopment of the City of San Diego (Successor Agency), and the sole member of the Corporation, amended both the Corporation's and SEDC's Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws, restructuring and reorganizing the two nonprofit corporations into a single corporation named Civic San Diego, a California nonprofit public benefit corporation.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the Corporation's financial statements present the primary government and its component units. The Corporation represents the primary government while entities for which the Corporation is considered to be financially accountable represent its component units. Collectively, the primary government and component units comprise the reporting entity.

Blended component units represent separate legal entities, which are so intertwined with the primary government that they are, in substance, the same as the primary government. Included within the Corporation's reporting entity is the Civic San Diego Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund.

Civic San Diego Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund (Growth Fund) is a nonprofit public benefit corporation organized to make qualified low income community investments in the County of San Diego or other activities, which qualify for New Markets Tax Credit (NMTC). The Growth Fund's purpose is also to engage in other activities, such as (1) raising equity for the investment by the Growth Fund or its affiliated entities; (2) form subsidiary limited liability companies, which the Growth Fund serves as manager or managing member, or subsidiary limited partnerships in which the Growth Fund serves as general partner; (3) apply on behalf of such subsidiaries for certification as a qualified community development entity (CDE) as defined in Section 45D of the Internal Revenue Code; (4) transfer any allocations of NMTCs that it receives to subsidiary CDEs; and (5) raise equity for investment in the subsidiary CDEs.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS (Continued)

In December 2012, the Community Development Financial Institutions Fund (CDFI Fund) of the United States Department of Treasury certified the Growth Fund as a qualified CDE. Subsequently, in March 2013, the Growth Fund initially established the following subsidiary limited liability companies:

Civic San Diego Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund Sub-CDE I, LLC Civic San Diego Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund Sub-CDE II, LLC Civic San Diego Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund Sub-CDE III, LLC

In September 2014, three additional subsidiary limited liability companies were established:

Civic San Diego Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund Sub-CDE IV, LLC Civic San Diego Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund Sub-CDE V, LLC Civic San Diego Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund Sub-CDE VI, LLC

In June 2016, three additional subsidiary limited liability companies were established:

Civic San Diego Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund Sub-CDE VII, LLC Civic San Diego Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund Sub-CDE VIII, LLC Civic San Diego Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund Sub-CDE IX, LLC

In June 2017, three additional subsidiary limited liability companies were established:

Civic San Diego Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund Sub-CDE X, LLC Civic San Diego Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund Sub-CDE XI, LLC Civic San Diego Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund Sub-CDE XII, LLC

In October 2017, three additional subsidiary limited liability companies were established:

CSD EGNIF SUB-CDE XIII, LLC CSD EGNIF SUB-CDE XIV, LLC CSD EGNIF SUB-CDE XV, LLC

The Growth Fund is governed by a nine member board of directors, which consists of the Corporation's board of directors. As such, the Corporation can exercise control of the Growth Fund.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting / Measurement Focus

The accounts of the Corporation are organized on the basis of fund accounting, in which each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues and expenditures. Generally, governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for individual funds, based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Corporation's government-wide financial statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These financial statements are presented using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting and summarize the Corporation's governmental activities. Accordingly, all of the Corporation's assets and liabilities, including long-term assets and liabilities, are included in the accompanying statement of net position. The Corporation does not currently have any deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned and expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Certain types of transactions are reported as program revenues for the Corporation, such as charges to customers or applicants who use or directly benefit from services or privileges provided by a particular function (charges for services), operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions. Charges for services revenue consists of placement and servicing fees, management fees, permit application fees, and earned developer deposits for providing development review services. Operating grants and contributions and capital grants and contributions primarily represent contributions received from the City of San Diego and private financial institutions to carry out various activities, such as planning, property and project management, parking garage and Downtown parking district management, programs for small business attraction and retention and to support efforts to revitalize and stabilize low-income communities.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Corporation's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Governmental Funds Financial Statements

Governmental funds financial statements include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for each of the Corporation's funds. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences between total fund balances of the Corporation's governmental funds and the net change in total fund balances as presented in these statements to the net position and change in net position presented in the government-wide financial statements. The reconciliation of the governmental funds financial statements to the government-wide financial statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34.

Governmental funds are accounted for on a "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenditures) in fund balance.

Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Corporation considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred. However, expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due at year-end.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Corporation reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund (Civic San Diego) – represents the primary operating fund of the Corporation, which accounts for the financial resources and activities of the Corporation not required to be accounted for in another fund. For internal purposes the General Fund is further segregated into sub funds to account for the unique activities of the Corporation, which include: 1) General Government and Support; 2) Successor Agency; 3) Planning; 4) Parking District; 5) Community Investment; and 6) New Markets Tax Credit Program.

Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund Special Revenue Fund – accounts for the activities of the Corporation's blended component unit, the Growth Fund.

Downtown Community Parking Program Special Revenue Fund – accounts for the activities of the Corporation associated with administering the Downtown Community Parking District Program.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported in the statement of net position. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and a useful life of greater than one year. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Years
Wayfinding signs	10
Vehicles	5
Office Equipment	5-7
Computer Equipment	3

Compensated Absences

Accumulated leave benefits (accrued vacation and sick leave) are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. The Corporation provides personal time off (PTO) leave to cover both vacation and sick leave for regular employees. The Corporation's policy permits employees to earn between 144 hours to 224 hours annually based on length of service. Part-time employees working 20 or more hours per week shall accrue PTO on a prorated basis. PTO leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of twice the number of hours accrued annually based on the employee's length of service.

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position consists of the following categories:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by any outstanding debt that is attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Restricted consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities related to those assets. Resources that are restricted typically arise from external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments. Restricted amounts are associated with the Corporation's activities related to the FAR Bonus funds, the Growth Fund and the DCPD Program. Restricted balances of the DCPD Program are limited to activities associated with the management of the Downtown Community Parking District, including addressing the supply of parking and mobility issues within the district. Such activities may include increasing the supply of parking or promoting the use of alternative forms of transportation, as well as other parking related programs. FAR Bonus funds can only be used for the acquisition, design and development of public parks and enhanced public right-of-way improvements within the Centre City Planned District (District).

<u>Unrestricted</u> represents resources that do not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position".

Fund Balances

Fund balances presented in the governmental fund financial statements represent the difference between assets and liabilities and are classified into the following categories based upon the type of restrictions imposed on the use of funds:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted — This classification includes amounts that have constraints placed on the use of resources that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted fund balance in the General Fund primarily represents proceeds from funds originally advanced from the City that can only be used for the purposes for which the advances were provided, such as the construction of capital assets or maintenance of assets. Restricted amounts is primarily associated with the Corporation's activities related to the DCPD Program and projects using FAR Bonus funds. Restricted balances of the DCPD Program are limited to activities associated with the management of the Downtown Community Parking District program including addressing the supply of parking and mobility issues within the district. Such activities may include increasing the supply of parking or promoting the use of alternative forms of transportation, as well as, other parking related programs. FAR Bonus funds can only be used for the acquisition, design and development of public parks and enhanced public right-of-way improvements within the Centre City Planned District (District).

<u>Committed</u> – This classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action by the entity's highest level of decision-making authority. The Corporation did not have any committed fund balance as of June 30, 2019.

<u>Assigned</u> – This classification includes amounts intended to be used by the entity for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The assigned amounts are related to the Growth Fund which are limited to activities associated with investment in Low Income Communities, or other activities in furtherance of the purpose of the Growth Fund such as raising capital or equity for investment by the Growth Fund or its affiliated entities, and to receiving, investing and utilizing (i) gross receipts from activities related to the Growth Fund's exempt functions, and (ii) funds and property acquired through solicitation of contributions, donations, gifts, grants, bequests, and the like.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Unassigned</u> – This classification is the residual amount for the Corporation's General Fund that includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The Corporation reduces restricted amounts first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) amounts are available. The Corporation reduces committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Eliminations

Amounts reported in the elimination column in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances represent revenue recognized by the Corporation's General Fund for expenditures incurred for performing services related to activities of the New Markets Tax Credit and Parking District programs. The amounts are being eliminated for purposes of properly reporting revenues and expenses, thereby not double counting the same amounts already being recognized in the Growth Fund and Downtown Community Parking Program Special Revenue Funds.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Management believes that the estimates made are reasonable.

New Governmental Accounting Standard

Effective, July 1, 2018, the Corporation implemented the following new accounting standard:

In April 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. This statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specific in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events of finance-related consequences, and significant acceleration clauses. This statement also requires that existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt. Refer to Note 7 for additional information.

NOTE 3 – CASH

The Corporation's cash consists of cash on hand and cash on deposit with financial institutions. The carrying amount of the Corporation's cash consisted of the following at June 30, 2019:

Petty cash	\$ 500
Cash - checking	4,641,164
Cash - savings	5,636,523
	\$ 10,278,187

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 3 – CASH (Continued)

As of June 30, 2019, the bank balance totals were \$ 10,470,608. The difference between the carrying value of the Corporation's cash balances and the bank balances were due to deposits in transit and outstanding checks. Of the bank balances, \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC). The remaining balances were collateralized by securities held by the financial institution and are considered to be held in the name of the Corporation.

Restricted Cash

Restricted cash reported in the Civic San Diego General Fund represents funds specifically for the Floor Area Ratio (FAR) Bonus Payment Program (Program) within the Centre City Planned District (District). FAR Bonus Payments collected through the Program, must be used for the acquisition, design and development of public parks and enhanced public right-of-way improvements.

Restricted cash reported in the Downtown Community Parking Program special revenue fund are limited to activities associated with the management of the Downtown Community Parking District including addressing the supply of parking and mobility issues within the District.

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	July 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2019
Nondepreciable capital assets:				
Construction in progress	\$ 310,369	\$ 11,958	\$ -	\$ 322,327
Depreciable capital assets:				
Wayfinding signs	1,711,560	-	-	1,711,560
Vehicles	19,560	-	-	19,560
Office equipment	254,694	-	-	254,694
Computer equipment	227,517			227,517
Total capital assets	2,213,331			2,213,331
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Wayfinding signs	(308,080)	(154,040)	-	(462,120)
Vehicles	(17,605)	-	-	(17,605)
Office equipment	(227,138)	(11,521)	-	(238,659)
Computer equipment	(128,942)	(11,173)		(140,115)
Total accumulated depreciation	(681,765)	(176,734)		(858,499)
Total depreciable capital assets	1,531,566	(176,734)		1,354,832
Total capital assets, net	\$ 1,841,935	\$ (164,776)	\$ -	\$ 1,677,159

Depreciation expense of \$176,734 for the year ended June 30, 2019 is reported in the general government and support and downtown parking program functions in the statement of activities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM NOTE RECEIVABLES

The Corporation entered into a five year loan agreement, in the amount of \$440,000, with Accion San Diego, a California nonprofit corporation, for the purpose of providing loans and financial assistance to low-and moderate-income and micro-entrepreneurs who lack access to traditional financing. During FY2018 the Growth Fund Board approved the assignment of the Loan Agreement with Accion San Diego from the Corporation to the Growth Fund.

During FY2019, the Growth Fund entered into a \$200,000 five year loan with MDF Fund I, LP (MDF). The MDF loan pays interest quarterly at 3% per annum. This loan was collateral for the Access Youth Academy (AYA) transaction referenced in Note 7 as well as to provide capital in the form of loans to small businesses.

At the end of FY2018, Casa Familiar revolving line of credit balance was \$75,000. The revolving line of credit and security agreement was entered into on March 28, 2018. During FY2019 Casa Familiar requested an additional \$25,000, bringing the total balance to \$100,000, accruing interest 2% annually. In May 2019, Casa Familiar paid in the note in full.

San Diego Community Land Trust and the Growth Fund agreed to amend the original note to extend the maturity date and the interest only period. Per the note, the deferred interest of \$96 was added to the principal balance bringing the note balance to \$20,096.

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS

The Corporation through the Growth Fund makes certain long-term investments by virtue of its activities in the NMTC Program. With each NMTC transaction, the Growth Fund invests funds into a special-purpose entity to carry out the allocation of NMTCs. As of June 30, 2019, the Corporation's net investments in the Sub-CDE's were as follows:

Econcomic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund

	Bala	nce as of		New					Bal	lance as of
Sub-CDE Entity	Jul	y 1, 2018	In	Investments		Distributions		Earnings	June 30, 2019	
SUB-CDE I, LLC	\$	2,253	\$	-	\$	(17)	\$	7	\$	2,243
SUB-CDE II, LLC		1,621		-		(16)		9		1,615
SUB-CDE III, LLC		706		-		(17)		15		704
SUB-CDE IV, LLC		802		-		(11)		11		803
SUB-CDE V, LLC		2,280		-		(22)		14		2,272
SUB-CDE VI, LLC		-		933		(21)		20		932
SUB-CDE VII, LLC		669		-		(26)		25		668
SUB-CDE VIII, LLC		500		-		(4)		2		498
SUB-CDE IX, LLC		500		-		(4)		2		498
SUB-CDE X, LLC		1,258		-		(9)		5		1,254
SUB-CDE XI, LLC		-		1,000		(10)		10		1,000
Total	\$	10,590	\$	1,933	\$	157	\$	120	\$	12,485

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 7 – SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES

Line of Credit

The Corporation entered into revolving credit agreement with U.S. Bank National Association (U.S. Bank) on June 24, 2019. The unpaid principal balance will accrue interest at an annual rate equal to the prime rate announced by U.S. Bank and will be adjusted each time the prime rate changes. The collateral is the availability of \$300,000 liquid assets from other U.S. Bank accounts held by the Corporation. This agreement matures on June 30, 2020. As of June 30, 2019, there was no outstanding balance due.

Short-term Loans Payable

The Growth Fund entered into two loans on December 21, 2018 with Alliance Healthcare Foundation (AHF) and MDF. The AHF loan of \$200,000 matures March 2020. Interest of 8% per annum is paid monthly. In the event payments are not made within ten days of the due date, the interest rate shall increase to 13% annually. This note is secured by a senior pledge of and security interest in Access Youth Academy (AYA) deed of trust for the benefit of the Growth Fund. In the event AYA pays their obligation to the Growth Fund prior to the maturity date, the Growth Fund shall pay in full the outstanding principal and interest to AHF.

The MDF loan of \$400,000 matures March 2020. Interest of 6% per annum is paid monthly. In the event any payments are not made within ten days of the due date, the interest rate shall increase to 11% annually. This note is secured by a subordinate pledge of and security interest in AYA deed of trust for the benefit of the Growth Fund. Additionally, the Growth Fund provided \$200,000 collateral in the form of a note receivable to MDF, referenced in Note 5. In the event AYA pays their obligation to the Growth Fund prior to the maturity date, the Growth Fund shall pay in full the outstanding principal and interest to AHF. The \$200,000 note receivable mentioned in Note 5 remains for the balance of the five-year term.

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Advances from the City of San Diego

Successor Agency and Housing Successor Agency

Pursuant to the Operating Agreement by and between the City of San Diego and Civic San Diego for Successor Agency and Housing Successor Agency, the City is to provide working capital to the Corporation to pay its operating costs and expenses while the Corporation waits to receive its monthly reimbursement of expenditures. The total amount of the working capital advance shall not be less than One Twelfth (1/12th) of the Approved Budget for the cost to perform services under the agreement. Any unused funds from the working capital advance are to be returned to the City upon termination of the agreement. As of June 30, 2019, the outstanding advance from the City was \$674,302.

Planning and Downtown Community Parking District

Pursuant to the Operating Agreement by and between the City of San Diego and Civic San Diego for Administration of Certain Planned Districts and the Downtown Community Parking District, the City is to provide working capital to the Corporation to pay its operating costs and expenses while the Corporation waits to receive its monthly reimbursement of expenses. The total amount of the working capital advance shall not be less than One Twelfth (1/12th) of the Approved Budget for the cost to perform services under the agreement. Any unused funds from the working capital advance shall be returned to the City upon termination of the agreement. As of June 30, 2019, the outstanding advance from the City totaled \$58,228.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

A summary of changes in the Corporation's long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	July 1, 20	8 Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2019	Due Within One Year	
Advances from the City of San Diego Compensated absences	\$ 732,5 220,0	•	\$ - (214,625)	\$ 732,530 248,593	\$ - 118,223	
Total	\$ 952,5	93 \$ 243,155	\$ (214,625)	\$ 981,123	\$ 118,223	

NOTE 9 – RETIREMENT PLAN

The Corporation sponsors a 403(b) tax deferred retirement plan (Plan) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, which is provided to all regular employees. The Plan is a defined contribution plan under which benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the Plan by the employer and the employees, plus investment earnings. All regular employees are eligible to participate on their first day of employment, and receive an employer amount equal to 7.5% of their bi-weekly compensation.

Effective on the first payroll following three months of employment, the Corporation contributes an amount equal to 12% of the total bi-weekly compensation for all regular employees. The Corporation's contributions for each employee are fully vested at the time of contribution. The Corporation's contributions were calculated based on the Plan's total defined eligible compensation amounts for all eligible employees, which totaled \$2,688,915. The Corporation made its required contribution amounting to \$321,152 for FY2019.

The Corporation defines that an eligible participant is a regular employee that normally works at least 30 hours per week. An employee is considered to work at least 30 hours per week, if for the 12-month period beginning on the date the employee's employment commenced, the Corporation reasonably expects the employee to work at least 1,500 service hours and, for each Plan year ending after the close of that 12-month period, the employee has worked at least 1,500 service hours.

The fiduciary responsibilities of the Corporation consist of making timely contributions and remitting deposits collected. The Plan is not a component unit of the Corporation and is therefore not reported in the basic financial statements.

NOTE 10 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Corporation is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster.

The Corporation is presently involved in certain matters of litigation that have arisen in the normal course of conducting the Corporation's business. Corporation management believes, based upon consultation with the Corporation's attorneys, that these cases, in the aggregate, are not expected to result in a material adverse financial impact on the Corporation. The Corporation is covered by various insurance policies for property, liability, workers' compensation and errors and omissions, with deductibles that vary from \$1,000 to \$50,000. The Corporation's management believes that the insurance programs should be sufficient to cover any potential losses should an unfavorable outcome materialize.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

There were no claim settlements that exceeded insurance coverage during the past three fiscal years.

Civic San Diego as Lessee

The Corporation leases its office facilities under a non-cancelable operating lease, which has been extended and terms renegotiated through June 30, 2020. The lease agreement began July 1, 2015, with lease payments for FY2019 of \$518,159.

As of June 30, 2019, the future minimum payments for the office lease are as follows:

The Corporation entered into a contract on November 30, 2017, with Sharp Electronics Corporation, dba Sharp Business System for a 60 month lease for three copiers. Monthly payments include the following: maintenance, servicing of and supplies (including toner) for the new lease photocopiers; and the maintenance, servicing of and supplies (including toner); and maintenance, monitoring of and supplies (including toner) for Corporation-owned desktop printers.

As of June 30, 2019, the future minimum lease payments for the copier lease is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2020	\$ 32,202
2021	32,202
2022	 32,202
	\$ 96,606

Total costs associated with all leases amounted to \$548,200 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

NOTE 11 – ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Successor Agency to the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Diego is the primary funding source for the Corporation; therefore, any reduction in the Successor Agency's funding could substantially alter the services provided by the Corporation.

On behalf of the City, the Corporation carries out certain municipal functions such as planning and design review within the Centre City area. The City Council created the Corporation originally to administer redevelopment, but subsequently has added the administration of the design review process and planning functions, consistent with the community plan and planned district ordinances, within the Centre City area. Additionally, the City has designated the Corporation as the Downtown Community Parking District Advisory Board (Downtown CPD), whose boundaries are concurrent with those of the Centre City area, to oversee, implement, and manage parking within the Centre City area.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the year Ended June 30, 2019

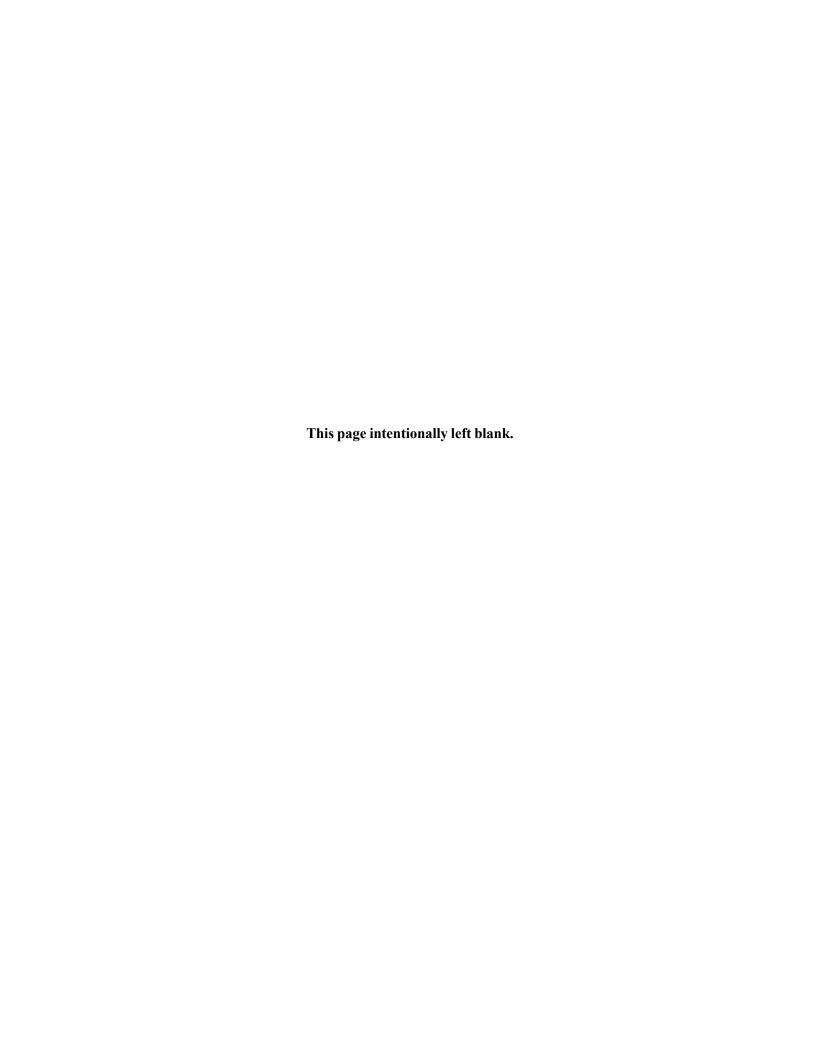
NOTE 11 – ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY AND UNCERTAINTIES (Continued)

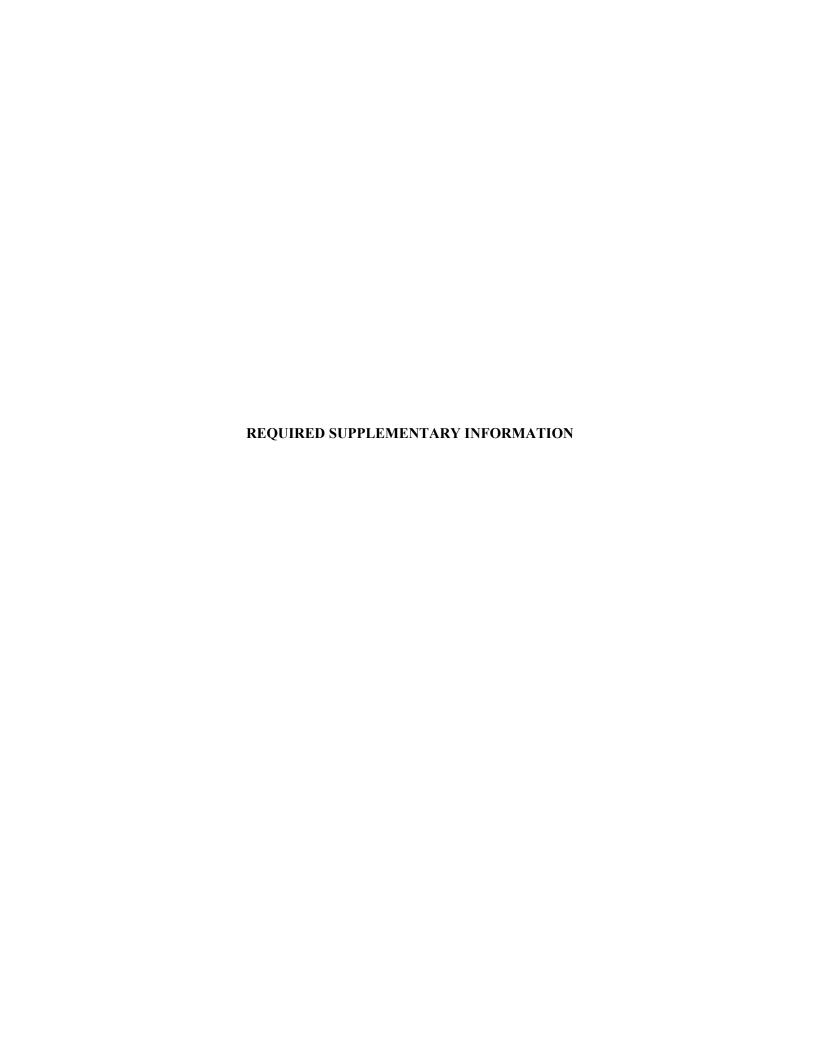
The Corporation instituted permit processing fees for applicants in connection with the Corporation's activities, as it relates to the design review and planning, similar to fees that other jurisdictions assess. Additionally, the Corporation, acting as the Downtown CPD, oversees and implements a budget of approximately \$2.5 million to \$4 million annually (excluding carryover amounts available to the Corporation) to carry out the functions of the Downtown CPD.

NOTE 12 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Effective July 29, 2019, the City of San Diego withdrew its membership in the Corporation pursuant to a settlement agreement resolving two lawsuits brought against the Corporation in April 2015. In addition to the City's withdrawal, the Corporation has agreed to return the Permitting and Planning function and the Downtown Parking function to the City. The Corporation will continue to perform already existing redevelopment wind-down services for the City pursuant to a new operating agreement between the City and the Corporation. As a result of the City withdrawing its membership in the Corporation, as of July 29, 2019, the Corporation is no longer considered a component unit of the City of San Diego for financial reporting purposes.

On July 23, 2019, the U.S. Department of Treasury's Community Development Financial Institutions Fund (CDFI Fund) approved the removal of the City of San Diego as the designated Controlling Entity of the Civic San Diego Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund (the NMTC Allocatee). Pursuant to the NMTC Allocation Agreements with the CDFI Fund, the NMTC Allocatee was required to maintain the same Controlling Entity as identified in each NMTC Allocation Applications during the duration of each NMTC Allocation Agreement. Due to the above mentioned settlement agreement, withdrawing the City as the sole member of the Corporation, the Corporation requested and the CDFI approved, the removal of the City of San Diego as the Controlling Entity of the NMTC Allocatee.





Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual - General Fund By Function For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:						
Contributions from the City of San Diego:						
Successor agency	\$ 3,239,622	\$	3,239,622	\$ 2,746,513	\$	(493,109)
Parking meters	485,682		485,682	317,251		(168,431)
Developer impact fees	100,000		100,000	108,858		8,858
Charges for service:						
Management fees - new markets tax credit progran	614,509		614,509	511,893		(102,616)
Permit fees	921,266		921,266	1,033,598		112,332
Earned developer deposits	140,000		140,000	180,727		40,727
Contributions from Growth Fund	666,549		666,549	608,477		(58,072)
FAR Bonus Program income	1,425,000		1,425,000	4,119,105		2,694,105
Intergovernmental grants	1,700,000		1,700,000	143,561		(1,556,439)
Other grants and contributions	192,472		192,472	25,000		(167,472)
Interest	900		900	17,153		16,253
Miscellaneous and other grants	 		-	 70,100		70,100
Total revenues	9,486,000		9,486,000	 9,882,236		396,236
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government and support	3,458,372		3,458,372	1,155,498		2,302,874
Successor agency	3,239,622		3,239,622	2,804,217		435,405
Planning	921,266		921,266	982,295		(61,029)
Parking district	485,682		485,682	317,251		168,431
Community investment	766,549		766,549	608,477		158,072
New markets tax credit program	 614,509		614,509	 511,893		102,616
Total expenditures	9,486,000		9,486,000	 6,379,631		3,106,369
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	\$	-	3,502,605	\$	3,502,605
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year				2,968,551		
End of year				\$ 6,471,156		

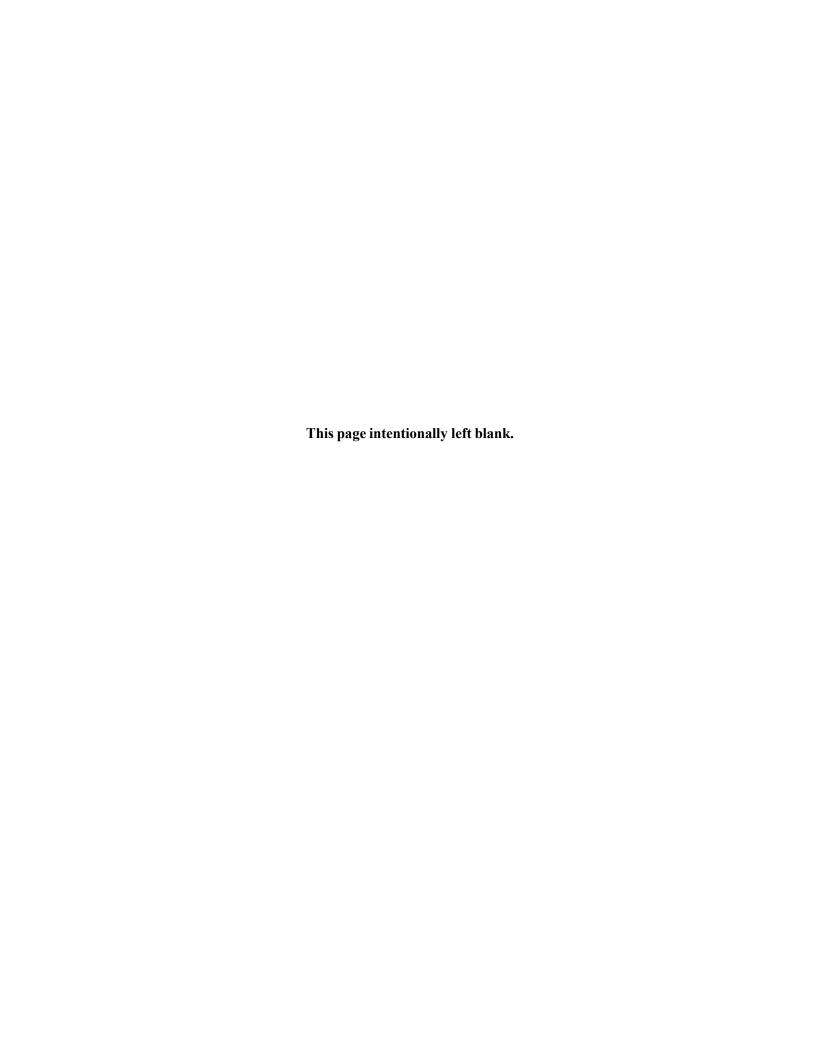
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual - Downtown Community Parking Program Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

_	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:								
Contributions from the City of San Diego:								
Parking meters	\$ 18,909	,448	\$	18,909,448	\$	2,908,454	\$	(16,000,994)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Parking district:								
Administration	366	,649		366,649		317,251		49,398
New technology	100	,000		100,000		-		100,000
Downtown parking and circulation plans/environmental impact report		-		-		59,192		(59,192)
Bicycle mobility/rack purchase and installation	50	,000		50,000		22,213		27,787
Downtown parking app/website update/maintenance	20	,000		20,000		4,500		15,500
Wayfinding systems	55	,000		55,000		-		55,000
East Village Green Funding (formerly Cedar Gateway & Future) garage operations	9,753	,146		9,753,146		11,958		9,741,188
Neighborhood programs (formerly Little Italy Parking Program)	2,109	,265		2,109,265		1,467,600		641,665
Downtown shuttle program	1,200	,000		1,200,000		1,200,000		-
Reconfigure existing on-street parking	100	,000		100,000		-		100,000
Off street shared parking pilot	100	,000		100,000		-		100,000
Operating contingency	24	.742		24,742		_		24.742
Debt service	2,158	, .		2,158,792		-		2,158,792
Total expenditures	16,037	,594		16,037,594		3,082,714		12,954,880
Net change in fund balance	\$ 2,871	,854	\$	2,871,854		(174,260)	\$	(3,046,114)
FUND BALANCE:							·	
Beginning of year						3,520,253		
End of year					\$	3,345,993		

Note to Required Supplementary Information For the Year June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The Corporation prepares its annual budget on the modified accrual basis of accounting in a format required by the City of San Diego (City). The budget is approved by the Corporation's Board of Directors (Board) and the City Council of the City. The Corporation's expenditures are controlled at the functional activity line item level with transfers between line items requiring Board approval, and transfers between salaries and benefits and all other line items requiring both Board approval, as well as approval from the City. The Corporation has a legally adopted budget for the General Fund and the Downtown Community Parking Program Special Revenue Fund. The Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund does not have an annual adopted budget.





Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual - General Fund by Category For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Final			Actual		Variance with		
DEVENILIEG	Budget Budget			Amount	F	inal Budget		
REVENUES:								
Contributions from the City of San Diego:	¢	2 220 622	¢	2 220 622	¢	2746 512	¢	(402 100)
Successor agency	\$	3,239,622	\$	3,239,622	\$	2,746,513	\$	(493,109)
Parking meters		485,682		485,682		317,251		(168,431)
Developer impact fees		100,000		100,000		108,858		8,858
Charges for service:		614 500		614 500		511 902		(102 616)
Management Fees - new markets tax credit program		614,509		614,509		511,893		(102,616)
Permit fees		921,266		921,266		1,033,598		112,332
Earned developer deposits		140,000		140,000		180,727		40,727
Contributions from Growth Fund		666,549		666,549		608,477		(58,072)
FAR Bonus Program income		1,425,000		1,425,000		4,119,105		2,694,105
Intergovernmental grants		1,700,000		1,700,000		143,561		(1,556,439)
Other grants and contributions		192,472		192,472		25,000		(167,472)
Interest		900		900		17,153		16,253
Miscellaneous						70,100		70,100
Total revenues		9,486,000		9,486,000		9,882,236		396,236
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Salaries and benefits		4,625,000		4,625,000		3,889,689		735,311
Rent and leasehold improvements		549,998		540,998		532,999		7,999
Legal, computer, auditing and consulting services		792,000		1,427,000		757,828		669,172
Marketing, printing and reproduction		79,000		79,000		86,509		(7,509)
Office supplies		96,000		71,000		72,838		(1,838)
Furniture and equipment		49,001		89,001		43,631		45,370
Repairs and maintenance		9,998		9,998		4,975		5,023
Auto and business		33,999		33,999		17,056		16,943
Communication and utilities		35,001		35,000		24,230		10,770
Insurance		178,001		158,001		157,969		32
Dues and seminars		39,501		39,503		30,181		9,322
Directors expenses		6,000		6,001		5,565		436
Recruitment		48,001		33,001		109		32,892
Travel		34,500		34,498		15,020		19,478
Community investment		255,000		255,000		30,932		224,068
Projects and capital outlay-construction		2,655,000		2,049,000		710,100		1,338,900
Total expenditures		9,486,000		9,486,000		6,379,631		3,106,369
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$			3,502,605	\$	(3,502,605)
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						2,968,551		
End of year					\$	6,471,156		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual - General Government and Support For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

DEVENIUM	Original Final Budget Budget			Actual Amount		ariance with inal Budget		
REVENUES:								
Contributions from the City of San Diego: Developer impact fees	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	108,858	\$	8,858
Charges for service:	Ф	100,000	Ф	100,000	Ф	100,030	Ф	0,030
Earned developer deposits		140,000		140,000		180,727		40,727
FAR Bonus Program income		1,425,000		1,425,000		4,119,105		2,694,105
Intergovernmental grants		1,700,000		1,700,000		4,119,103 85,857		(1,614,143)
Other grants and contributions		92,472		92,472		05,057		
9		92,472		*		17 152		(92,472)
Interest		900		900		17,153		16,253
Miscellaneous						70,100		70,100
Total revenues		3,458,372		3,458,372		4,581,800		1,123,428
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Salaries and benefits		524,855		524,855		227,302		297,553
Rent and leasehold improvements		59,050		59,050		24,989		34,061
Legal, computer, auditing and consulting services		158,241		158,241		167,230		(8,989)
Marketing, printing and reproduction		7,045		7,045		4,906		2,139
Office supplies		10,567		10,567		4,425		6,142
Furniture and equipment		5,393		5,393		2,745		2,648
Repairs and maintenance		1,101		1,101		289		812
Auto and business		3,742		3,742		1,304		2,438
Communication and utilities		3,325		3,325		1,406		1,919
Insurance		19,620		19,620		8,675		10,945
Dues and seminars		3,043		3,043		1,233		1,810
Directors expenses		660		660		333		327
Recruitment		4,513		4,513		7		4,506
Travel		2,217		2,217		554		1,663
Projects and capital outlay-construction		2,655,000		2,655,000		710,100		1,944,900
Total expenditures		3,458,372		3,458,372		1,155,498		2,302,874
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-		3,426,302	\$	3,426,302
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						1,952,501		
					Ф.			
End of year					\$	5,378,803		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual - Successor Agency For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES:		Budget	 Buaget	 111100111		mar Budget
Contributions from the City of San Diego:						
Successor agency	\$	3,239,622	\$ 3,239,622	\$ 2,746,513	\$	(493,109)
Intergovernmental grants		-	-	57,704		57,704
Total revenues		3,239,622	 3,239,622	 2,804,217		(435,405)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Salaries and benefits		2,307,659	2,307,659	1,949,848		357,811
Rent and leasehold improvements		276,770	276,770	294,793		(18,023)
Legal, computer, auditing and consulting services		349,969	349,969	329,102		20,867
Marketing, printing and reproduction		31,403	31,403	43,403		(12,000)
Office supplies		47,105	47,105	37,972		9,133
Furniture and equipment		24,044	24,044	22,585		1,459
Repairs and maintenance		4,907	4,907	2,676		2,231
Auto and business		16,683	16,683	8,079		8,604
Communication and utilities		14,376	14,376	12,265		2,111
Insurance		87,340	87,340	81,298		6,042
Dues and seminars		15,062	15,062	13,651		1,411
Directors expenses		2,944	2,944	2,884		60
Recruitment		20,118	20,118	55		20,063
Travel		11,242	11,242	5,606		5,636
Community investment		30,000	 30,000	 		30,000
Total expenditures		3,239,622	 3,239,622	 2,804,217		435,405
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$ -	-	\$	-
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year				 910,675		
End of year				\$ 910,675		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual - Planning For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Final Budget Budget				Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES:								
Charges for service:								
Permit fees	\$	921,266	\$	921,266	\$	1,033,598	\$	112,332
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Salaries and benefits		613,286		613,286		733,600		(120,314)
Rent and leasehold improvements		82,069		82,069		108,455		(26,386)
Legal, computer, auditing and consulting services		108,742		108,742		61,085		47,657
Marketing, printing and reproduction		24,791		24,791		16,740		8,051
Office supplies		14,687		14,687		12,038		2,649
Furniture and equipment		7,496		7,496		7,667		(171)
Repairs and maintenance		1,530		1,530		782		748
Auto and business		5,202		5,202		2,863		2,339
Communication and utilities		6,192		6,192		3,799		2,393
Insurance		27,231		27,231		25,615		1,616
Dues and seminars		7,769		7,769		7,223		546
Directors expenses		918		918		897		21
Recruitment		13,272		13,272		16		13,256
Travel		8,081		8,081		1,515		6,566
Total expenditures		921,266		921,266		982,295		(61,029)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	-		51,303	\$	51,303
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						67,805		
End of year					\$	119,108		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual - Community Investment For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

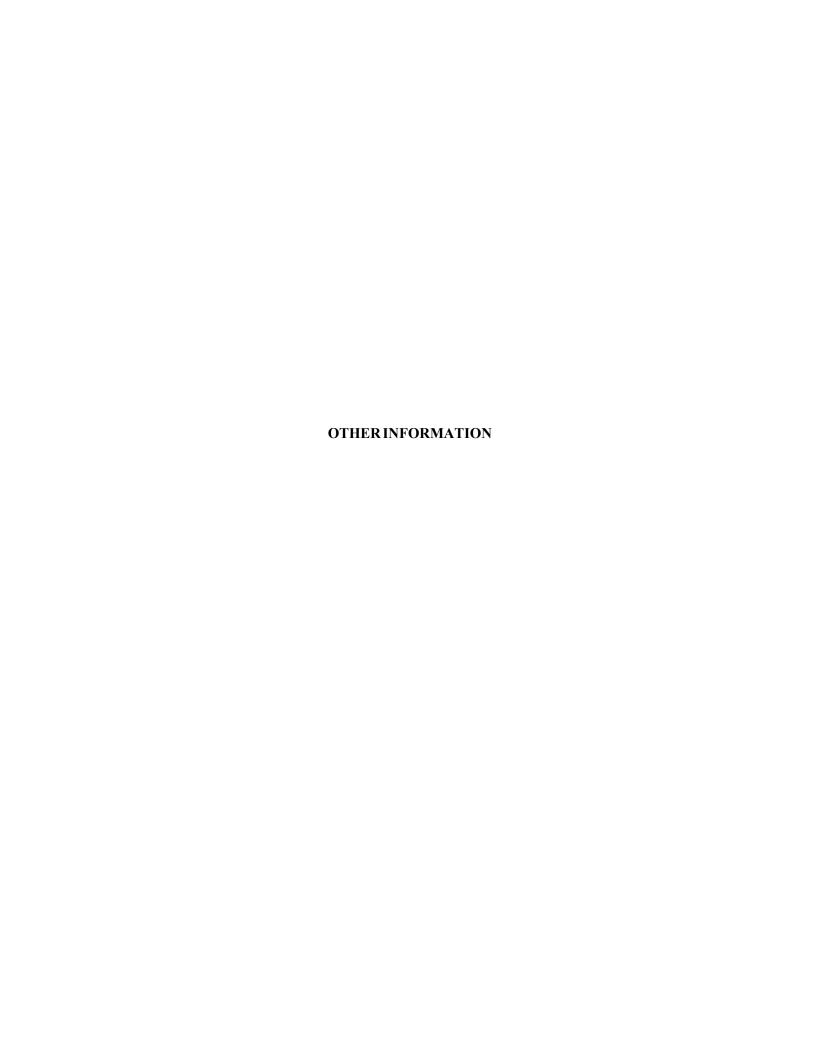
	Original Final Budget Budget			1	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES:				-				
Contributions from Growth Fund	\$	666,549	\$	666,549	\$	608,477	\$	(58,072)
Other grants and contributions		100,000		100,000		25,000		(75,000)
Total revenues		766,549		766,549		633,477		(133,072)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Salaries and benefits		395,227		395,227		371,327		23,900
Rent and leasehold improvements		40,033		40,033		37,528		2,505
Legal, computer, auditing and consulting services		53,045		53,045		117,832		(64,787)
Marketing, printing and reproduction		4,776		4,776		8,275		(3,499)
Office supplies		7,164		7,164		7,174		(10)
Furniture and equipment		3,657		3,657		4,286		(629)
Repairs and maintenance		745		745		474		271
Auto and business		2,537		2,537		2,158		379
Communication and utilities		2,187		2,187		2,934		(747)
Insurance		13,284		13,284		14,675		(1,391)
Dues and seminars		5,883		5,883		4,542		1,341
Directors expenses		448		448		549		(101)
Recruitment		3,060		3,060		13		3,047
Travel		9,503		9,503		5,778		3,725
Community investment		225,000		225,000		30,932		194,068
Total expenditures		766,549		766,549		608,477		158,072
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-		25,000	\$	(25,000)
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						25,853		
End of year					\$	50,853		

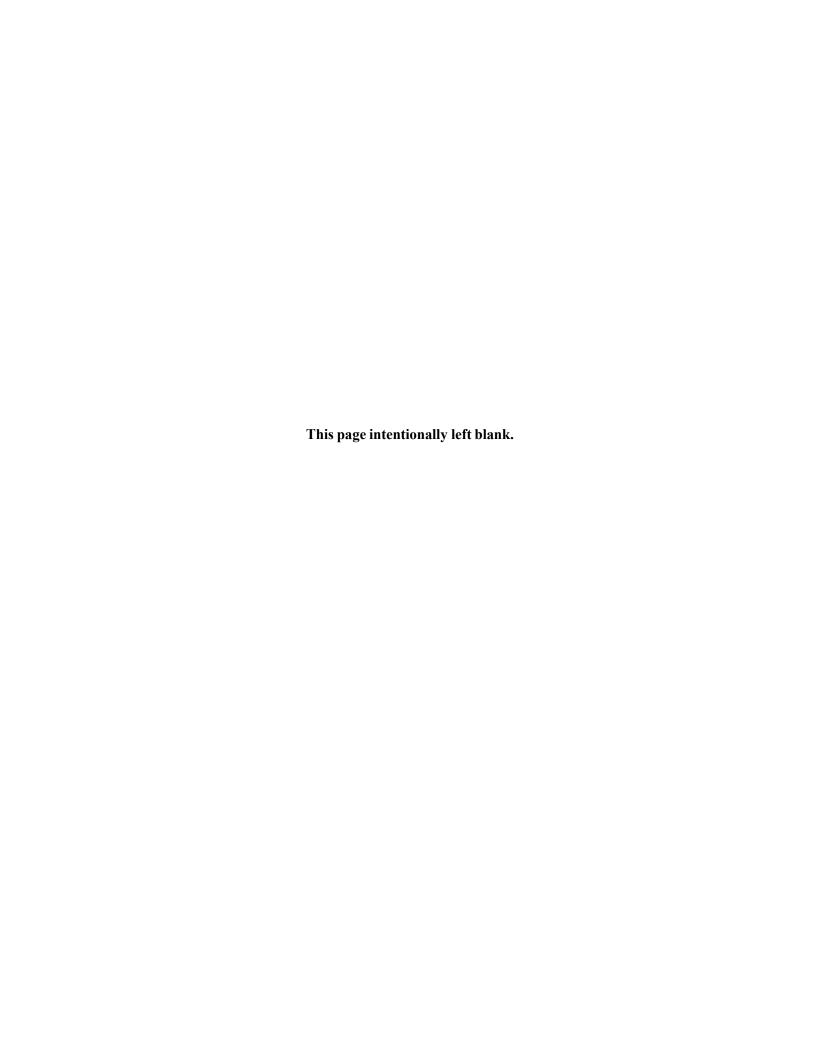
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual - New Markets Tax Credit Program For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:					
Management fees - new markets tax credit program	\$ 614,509	\$ 614,509	\$ 511,893	\$ (102,616)	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Salaries and benefits	436,683	436,683	370,867	65,816	
Rent and leasehold improvements	52,043	52,043	39,766	12,277	
Legal, computer, auditing and consulting services	68,958	68,958	58,446	10,512	
Marketing, printing and reproduction	6,209	6,209	8,057	(1,848)	
Office supplies	9,313	9,313	6,746	2,567	
Furniture and equipment	4,754	4,754	3,809	945	
Repairs and maintenance	970	970	466	504	
Auto and business	3,298	3,298	1,754	1,544	
Communication and utilities	2,844	2,844	2,319	525	
Insurance	17,242	17,242	15,981	1,261	
Dues and seminars	5,681	5,681	2,183	3,498	
Directors expenses	582	582	548	34	
Recruitment	3,978	3,978	10	3,968	
Travel	1,954	1,954	941	1,013	
Total expenditures	614,509	614,509	511,893	102,616	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -	
FUND BALANCE:					
Beginning of year			13,361		
End of year			\$ 13,361		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual - Parking District For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:								
Contributions from the City of San Diego:								
Parking meters	\$	485,682	\$ 485,682	\$	317,251	\$	(168,431)	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Salaries and benefits		347,290	347,290		236,745		110,545	
Rent and leasehold improvements		40,033	40,033		27,468		12,565	
Legal, computer, auditing and consulting services		53,045	53,045		24,133		28,912	
Marketing, printing and reproduction		4,776	4,776		5,128		(352)	
Office supplies		7,164	7,164		4,483		2,681	
Furniture and equipment		3,657	3,657		2,539		1,118	
Repairs and maintenance		745	745		288		457	
Auto and business		2,537	2,537		898		1,639	
Communication and utilities		6,077	6,077		1,507		4,570	
Insurance		13,284	13,284		11,725		1,559	
Dues and seminars		2,063	2,063		1,349		714	
Directors expenses		448	448		354		94	
Recruitment		3,060	3,060		8		3,052	
Travel		1,503	1,503		626		877	
Total expenditures		485,682	485,682		317,251		168,431	
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$ _		-	\$		
FUND BALANCE:							_	
Beginning of year					(1,644)			
End of year				\$	(1,644)			







Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Directors of Civic San Diego

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Civic San Diego (Corporation), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Corporation's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 18, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Corporation's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California October 18, 2019

Macias Gini & O'Connell LAP