(A Component Unit of the City of San Diego, California)

Independent Auditor's Reports, Management's Discussion and Analysis, Basic Financial Statements, and Required Supplementary Information

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016



CIVIC SAN DIEGO For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of Civic San Diego

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Civic San Diego (Corporation), a component unit of the City of San Diego, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Corporation's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Corporation as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Los Angeles Newport Beach Oakland Sacramento San Diego San Francisco

Walnut Creek

Woodland Hills

Century City

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information for the General Fund and the Downtown Community Parking Program major special revenue fund, listed as required supplementary information in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report February 22, 2017 on our consideration of the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Macias Gini É O'Connell LP

San Diego, California February 22, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

CIVIC SAN DIEGO Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

As management of Civic San Diego (Corporation), a component unit of the City of San Diego (City), we offer readers of the Corporation's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Corporation for the year ended June 30, 2016. On behalf of the City, the Corporation carries out certain municipal functions such as planning and design review within the Centre City area. The City Council created the Corporation originally to administer redevelopment, but subsequently has added the administration of the design review process and planning functions, consistent with the community plan and planned district ordinances, within the Centre City area. Additionally, the City has designated the Corporation as the Downtown Community Parking District Advisory Board (Downtown CPD), which boundaries are concurrent with those of the Centre City area, to oversee, implement and manage parking within the Centre City area.

The information contained in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is unaudited and represents management's analysis for the year ended June 30, 2016. The audited financial statements can be found beginning on page 12. The purpose of MD&A is to inform the reader on management's insights about the reporting entity and to increase the readers' understanding, and the usefulness of the financial reports as well as providing accessible information about the Corporation and its operation, successes, challenges, and the future. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that has been furnished.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Corporation's basic financial statements. The Corporation's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) Government-Wide Financial Statements, (2) Fund Financial Statements, and (3) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. The basic financial statements are also accompanied by required supplementary information, which includes this Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules for the General Fund, and the Downtown Community Parking Program Special Revenue Fund.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Corporation's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information of all the Corporation's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as Net Position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Corporation is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing changes in the Corporation's net position during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues, and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., depreciation and earned but unused compensated absences).

The Government-Wide Financial Statements can be found on pages 12 and 13 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Corporation uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Corporation uses a general fund and special revenue funds for recording its activities.

CIVIC SAN DIEGO Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) (Unaudited)

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for the Corporation's governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Corporation's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the governmental funds and governmental activities. The governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 14 through 17 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The Corporation is financially reliant on the Successor Agency to the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Diego (Successor Agency). As of June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, the Corporation had the following assets, liabilities and net position:

	FY 2016			FY 2015	_	Difference
Assets:						
Cash and investments	\$	2,908,724	\$	1,910,122	\$	998,602
Restricted cash and investments		4,896,031		5,295,486		(399,455)
Receivables for reimbursable expenses						
from the City of San Diego		1,620,905		901,268		719,637
Accounts receivable		724,532		514,813		209,719
Prepaid expenses		2,200		2,200		-
Long-term investments		7,714		4,424		3,290
Capital assets - nondepreciable		3,165,806		499,072		2,666,734
Capital assets - depreciable (net)		48,763		49,611		(848)
Total assets		13,374,675		9,176,996		4,197,679
Liabilities:						
Accrued expenses		389,879		742,602		(352,723)
Deposits held for other		482,292		121,554		360,738
Compensated absences (current)		112,310		98,636		13,674
Compensated absences (noncurrent)		105,766		69,699		36,067
Advances from the City of San Diego		810,564		6,054,759		(5,244,195)
Total liabilities		1,900,811		7,087,250		(5,186,439)
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets		3,214,569		49,611		3,164,958
Restricted		7,940,379		1,871,052		6,069,327
Unrestricted		318,916		169,083		149,833
Total net position	\$	11,473,864	\$	2,089,746	\$	9,384,118

CIVIC SAN DIEGO Comparative Statements of Net Position June 30, 2016 and 2015

CIVIC SAN DIEGO Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) (Unaudited)

The Corporation's net position increased in 2016 by \$9,384,118. Ending net position of the Corporation as of June 30, 2016 was 11,473,864. Of the \$9,384,118 increase in net position, \$2,666,734 is associated with investments in capital assets. During the 2016 fiscal year the Corporation had construction in progress (CIP) for Island Avenue Pop-Out and Sidewalk Replacement project, the Downtown San Diego Wayfinding Signage project, and study and design of future garages. The Island Avenue Pop-Outs and Sidewalk Replacement and Wayfinding projects were active CIP for the Downtown Community Parking District (DCPD) during the 2016 fiscal year. These two projects were also partially funded by SANDAG grants. The Island Avenue Pop-Outs grant was awarded February 2014 and expired June 11, 2016. SANDAG awarded the project \$1,000,000 with the Corporation funding \$300,000. The Wayfinding project was also awarded February 2014 and expired September 11, 2015. SANDAG awarded the Wayfinding project \$335,329 with the Corporation funding \$1,000,000. As of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, the Corporation had capitalized CIP in the amount of \$3,165,805. The Island Avenue Pedestrian Improvements project had capitalized \$1,711,560, and future garages had capitalized \$7,005.

In addition to the CIP mentioned above the Corporation had two additional projects, Downtown Complete Streets Mobility Plan and East Village Green/14th Street Promenade Master Plan, partially funded by SANDAG that expired in FY16. The Downtown Complete Streets grant was awarded in April 2013 for \$300,000 with the Corporation funding \$300,000. This grant was fulfilled and finalized May 31, 2016. The East Village Green/14th Street Promenade Master Plan was awarded in February 2014 for \$300,000 with the Corporation funding \$100,000. The grant was fulfilled and finalized May 31, 2016.

In August 2015 the transaction for Urban Corp Investment Fund closed, which generated a \$440,000 onetime fee. On January 28, 2016 the transaction for the Jackie Robinson YMCA closed, which generated a \$690,000 one-time fee. On April 12, 2016 the transaction for 37 ECB closed, which generated a \$213,000 one-time fee. In addition to the CDE receiving these one-time fees for deal closures, the CDE receives quarterly management fees from all the SUB-CDE's. There is a total of five SUB-CDE's for FY16 since its inception in 2013.

In 2016, cash balances increased as a result of the New Markets Tax Credit transactions closed in FY16.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) (Unaudited)

CIVIC SAN DIEGO Comparative Statements of Activities For the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	FY 2016		FY 2015		 Difference	
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$	2,724,413	\$	2,195,759	\$ 528,654	
Operating Grants and Contributions		12,133,594		5,393,972	6,739,622	
Capital Grants and Contributions		1,663,666		-	1,663,666	
General Revenues:						
Interest and unrealized gain on investments		83,313		25,768	57,545	
Sublease		-		148,968	(148,968)	
Miscellaneous		129,483		92,373	 37,110	
Total revenues		16,734,469		7,856,840	 8,877,629	
Program Expenses:						
General Government and Support		3,743,620		3,857,596	(113,976)	
Planning		964,041		1,361,487	(397,446)	
Downtown Parking Program		1,989,288		1,208,120	781,168	
Economic Development		388,109		206,892	181,217	
New Market Tax Credit Program		265,293		380,688	 (115,395)	
Total operating expenses		7,350,351		7,014,783	 335,568	
Change in net position		9,384,118		842,057	 8,542,061	
Net position - beginning of year		2,089,746		1,247,689	842,057	
				· · ·	 <i>.</i>	
Net position - end of year	\$	11,473,864	\$	2,089,746	\$ 9,384,117	

The Corporation's net position increased by \$9,384,118 in 2016. This increase was primarily the result of several factors. As mentioned previously, the Corporation received one-time fees from the closing of three New Market Tax Credit transactions totaling nearly \$1.4 million. Also, during the year ended June 30, 2016, the Corporation recognized as revenue the following prior advances received in 2013 from the City of San Diego: (1) \$3.4 million for the Downtown Parking District program; and (2) \$1.7 million for the Floor Area Ratio (FAR) Bonus Program. The advance amount of \$3.4 million was transferred to the parking district from the ROPS parking garage surplus funds. The parking garage surplus funds are to be used specifically in the design, development and construction of public parking garages. Design and development has begun for a future garage in East Village in downtown San Diego. FAR Bonus Program funds are to be used in the 14th Street Promenade Master Plan and the Sixth Avenue Bridge Promenade Feasibility and Conceptual Design.

The Corporation had increased CIP activity in the Downtown Parking Program due to the Island Avenue Pop-Outs, Wayfinding Signage, Downtown Complete Streets Mobility, and East Village Green/14th Street Promenade Projects moving forward. These projects were partially funded by grant proceeds received from the San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) totaling \$1.7 million.

CIVIC SAN DIEGO Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) (Unaudited)

General Fund Financial Analysis

The Corporation's General Fund financial statements include only the current inflows and outflows of spendable resources and related balances at the end of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

CIVIC SAN DIEGO Comparative Balance Sheets General Fund June 30, 2016 and 2015

	FY 2016			FY 2015	 Difference
Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$	832,925	\$	845,542	\$ (12,617)
Restricted cash and investments		1,690,545		1,789,656	(99,111)
Receivables from reimbursable expenses					
from the City of San Diego		1,192,150		534,910	657,240
Accounts receivable		317,985		347,959	(29,974)
Prepaid expenses		2,200		2,200	-
Advances to other funds		-		3,418,030	 (3,418,030)
Total assets	\$	4,035,805	\$	6,938,297	\$ (2,902,492)
Liabilities:					
Accrued expenses	\$	141,620	\$	198,990	\$ (57,370)
Deposits held for other		482,292		51,554	 430,738
Total liabilities		623,912		250,544	 373,368
Fund Balance:					
Nonspendable		2,200		3,420,230	(3,418,030)
Restricted		2,962,660		2,903,084	59,576
Unassigned		447,033		364,439	 82,594
Total fund balance		3,411,893		6,687,753	 (3,275,860)
Total fund balance and liabilities	\$	4,035,805	\$	6,938,297	\$ (2,902,492)

In 2016, the Corporation is comprised of the General Fund and two major special revenue funds, the Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund, or the New Market Tax Credit (NMTC) fund and the Downtown Community Parking Program (DCPP) Fund. The NMTC fund is a blended component unit of the Corporation.

The General Fund excludes the liability associated with compensated absences and long-term advances payable to the City, whereas the government-wide statement of net position includes such liabilities. Compared to 2015, the 2016 cash and investments balance decreased by \$12,617 while total liabilities of the General Fund increased by \$373,368. Cash decreased due to the normal day-to-day activities of the Corporation. The increase in receivables from the City of San Diego was due to several months of reimburseable expenses that were outstanding as of June 30, 2016. The receivables for FY2016 were received in September 2016. The advance to other funds was transferred from the Corporation to DCPD. This advance was originally from the ROPS parking garage surplus funds which is to be used for the design, development and construction of future garages in downtown San Diego. Liabilities increased primarily from deposits held for others. These deposits are the developer deposits for projects that require the developers to pay for expenses such as staff time and consultants as well as good faith deposits that will be reimbursed if the developers follow the contracts exactly as outlined.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) (Unaudited)

CIVIC SAN DIEGO Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund For the Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	FY 2016		FY 2015		Difference	
Revenues:						
Contributions from the City of San Diego	\$	4,149,439	\$	3,851,636	\$	297,803
Charges for services		1,432,685		1,876,627		(443,942)
Sublease		-		148,968		(148,968)
Interest and realized gains		83,276		25,755		57,521
Intergovernmental - SANDAG grant		220,498		79,502		140,996
Miscellaneous		4,644		3,400		1,244
Total revenues		5,890,542		5,985,888		(95,346)
Expenditures:						
General government and support		3,693,032		3,870,445		(177,413)
Planning		964,041		1,089,289		(125,248)
Parking district		460,946		371,695		89,251
Economic development		388,109		206,892		181,217
New Market Tax Credit Program		242,244		355,916		(113,672)
Capital outlay		-		203,800		(203,800)
Debt service:						
Payment on advances from the City of San Diego		-		127,802		(127,802)
Total expenditures		5,748,372		6,225,839		(477,467)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures		142,170		(239,951)		382,121
Other Financing Uses:						
Transfers Out		(3,418,030)		-		
Net change in fund balance		(3,275,860)		(239,951)		382,121
Fund balance - beginning of year		6,687,753		6,927,704		(239,951)
Fund balance - end of year	\$	3,411,893	\$	6,687,753	\$	142,170

CIVIC SAN DIEGO Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) (Unaudited)

For comparative purposes, the table below represents expenditures incurred for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, as reported in the General Fund.

EXPENDITURES	FY 2016	FY 2015
Salaries and Benefits	\$ 3,949,640	\$ 3,908,660
Rent and Leasehold Improvements	479,393	800,133
Legal, Computer and Auditing Services	806,242	757,559
Insurance	149,270	155,433
Office Expenses	89,047	86,868
Marketing, Printing and Reproduction	57,395	58,295
Furniture and Equipment	86,715	46,044
Telephone, Internet and Communications	24,425	19,845
Recruitment, Advertisement and Relocation	21,438	21,483
Other Expenditures	84,807	39,917
Capital Outlay	-	203,800
Payment on Advances		127,802
	\$ 5,748,372	\$ 6,225,839

The Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance for the General Fund provide a "look back" for the two most recent years comparing the various expenditures of the Corporation. Overall, expenditures for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 were \$5,748,372 and \$6,225,839, respectively. In fiscal year 2016, expenditures decreased by 8% or \$477,467 from 2015.

The most significant changes within the Corporation's expenditures are as follows:

- ➢Rent and Leasehold Improvements decreased in 2016 by \$320,740 or 40%, due to negotiations with the Irvine Company to significantly reduce the Corporation's office space and corresponding rent.
- ➤The Other Expenditures increased by \$44,890 in 2016 due to the Economic Development and Outreach program.
- Capital Outlay and Payment on Advances decreased in the aggregate by \$331,602, as there were no expenditures incurred during fiscal year 2016. Capital Outlay expenditures in fiscal year 2015 were related to the completed Portland Loos project and the payment on advances represented the repayment of unspent funds on the project to the City.

General Fund Budget Comparison

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules can be found on pages 28 and 29 of this report. The Fiscal Year 2016 overall expenditures were under budget by \$1,696,629, or 23%, primarily due to savings in Salaries and Benefits in the amount of \$960,359, or 20% of the Salary line item, and 13% of the overall budget. The savings in Salaries and Benefits was a result of vacant positions due to the continual departure of employees.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) (Unaudited)

The Corporation may from time-to-time make budgetary line item adjustments to accommodate the Corporation's administrative operating activities. Budget adjustments are presented to the Corporation's Board for review and approval. In Fiscal Year 2016, there were no budget adjustments.

Next Year's Budget

The Corporation and City of San Diego have adopted the Fiscal Year 2017 Budget. The Fiscal Year 2017 administrative portion of the budget for the Corporation is \$7,703,000, representing an increase of \$258,000 or 3.5% from the Corporation's Fiscal Year 2016 Budget. The increase reflects the following:

- The Personnel Expense line item increased by 4.3% or \$210,000 for fiscal year 2017 compared to fiscal year 2016. The Personnel Expense line item is comprised of 40 Full-Time Equivalents (FTE's) with \$3.7 million budgeted for Salaries and \$1.4 million budgeted for taxes and benefits.
- The fiscal year 2017 Non-Personnel expense budget increased by 1.9% or \$48,000, compared to the fiscal year 2016 budget. The most significant decrease was attributable to the Leasehold Improvements expense because the largest part of the improvements was completed in FY2016 when the Corporation had to decrease office space.

The Fiscal Year 2017 Budget is categorized by function and each function's respective revenue source(s). The functions include (1) permit processing for which the Corporation will collect permit application fees; (2) Downtown Community Parking District activities for which the Corporation will seek reimbursement for costs from the City from parking meter revenues; (3) Successor Agency Administration and Project Management for which the Corporation will seek reimbursement from the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Diego for the wind-down process underway pursuant to AB X1 26; (4) Housing Successor administration and project management fees for which the Corporation will seek reimbursement from the Housing Successor Entity; and (5) Economic Development and other activities for which the Corporation will offset the cost by seeking grants and other sources of revenues such as the FAR Bonus fees collected by the Corporation, or seeking reimbursement from funds allocated to the Corporation through the City's General Fund, development impact fees (DIF) or other City funds made available to the Corporation.

In addition, the Corporation is a registered Community Development Entity (CDE) with the U.S. Treasury Department through the Community Development Financial Institution Fund (CDFI) and is eligible to apply for and be allocated NMTC's. The CDFI's mission is to increase economic opportunity and promote community development investments for underserved populations and in distressed communities in the United States. The Corporation has received \$83 million in NMTC allocations and has disbursed \$77.5 million through June 30, 2016.

Risks and Uncertainties

The Successor Agency is the primary funding source for the Corporation; therefore, any reduction in the Successor Agency's funding could substantially alter the services provided by the Corporation.

On behalf of the City, the Corporation carries out certain municipal functions such as planning and design review within the Centre City area. The City Council created the Corporation originally to administer redevelopment, but subsequently added the administration of and the review and planning functions, consistent with the community plan and planned district ordinances within the Centre City area. Additionally, the City has designated the Corporation as the Downtown Community Parking District Advisory Board (Downtown CPD), which boundaries are concurrent with those of the Centre City area, to oversee, implement, and manage parking within the Centre City area.

CIVIC SAN DIEGO Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) (Unaudited)

Forward Looking Statements

This MD&A may contain "forward looking" information. Forward looking statements can be identified by use of such words as "plans", "anticipates", "expects", "is expected", "in the event", "approximately" "scheduled", "estimates", "forecasts", "intends", or "believes" or variations of such words and phrases or state that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "might" or "will" be taken, occur or be achieved. These forward looking statements relate to, among other things, the Corporation's assumptions regarding future results of operations. These forward looking statements are based on current expectations, various assumptions, and analyses made by us in light of our experience and our perceptions of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments and other factors that we believe are appropriate in the circumstances. These forward looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results or events to differ materially from those anticipated in our forward looking statements.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Corporation's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer at Civic San Diego, 401 B Street, Suite 400, San Diego, CA 92101.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2016

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 2,908,724
Restricted cash and investments	4,896,031
Receivables for reimbursable expenses	
from the City of San Diego	1,620,905
Accounts receivable	724,532
Prepaid expenses and other assets	2,200
Noncurrent assets:	
Long-term investment	7,714
Capital assets, nondepreciable	3,165,806
Capital assets, depreciable, net	48,763
Total assets	13,374,675
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	200.070
Accrued expenses	389,879
Deposits held for others	482,292
Compensated absences - due in one year	112,310
Long-term liabilities:	105 766
Compensated absences - due after one year	105,766
Advances from the City of San Diego	810,564
Total liabilities	1,900,811
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	3,214,569
Restricted	7,940,379
Unrestricted	318,916
Total net position	\$ 11,473,864

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

CIVIC SAN DIEGO Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Functions/Programs		Expenses	f	Charges or Services		gram Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and contributions	(Exper	et Revenue nse) and Change Net Position
Governmental Activities: General government and support Planning Downtown parking program Economic development New market tax credit program	\$	3,743,620 964,041 1,989,288 388,109 265,293	\$	143,661 1,142,832 - 1,437,920	\$	3,281,240 1,788,654 6,672,615 391,085	\$	1,663,666 - -	\$	(318,719) 1,967,445 6,346,993 2,976 1,172,627
Total governmental activities	\$	7,350,351	\$	2,724,413	\$	12,133,594	\$	1,663,666		9,171,322
General Revenues: Interest and unrealized gain on investments Miscellaneous Total general revenues										83,313 129,483 212,796
	Change	in net position								9,384,118
	Net pos	Net position - beginning of year								2,089,746
	Net pos	ition - end of ye	ear						\$	11,473,864

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

	General Fund		Special Revenue Funds					
	Civic San Diego		Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund		Downtown Community Parking Program		Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	832,925	\$	2,075,799	\$	-	\$	2,908,724
Restricted cash		1,690,545		-		3,205,486		4,896,031
Receivables for reimbursable expenditures								
from the City of San Diego		1,192,150		-		428,755		1,620,905
Accounts receivable		317,985		88,254		318,293		724,532
Prepaid items and other assets		2,200				-		2,200
Long-term investment		-		7,714		-		7,714
Total assets	\$	4,035,805	\$	2,171,767	\$	3,952,534	\$	10,160,106
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accrued liabilities	\$	141,620	\$	41,664	\$	206,595	\$	389,879
Deposits held for others		482,292						482,292
Total liabilities		623,912		41,664		206,595		872,171
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		2,200		7,714		-		9,914
Restricted		2,962,660		2,122,389		3,745,939		8,830,988
Unassigned		447,033		-		-		447,033
Total fund balances		3,411,893		2,130,103		3,745,939		9,287,935
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,035,805	\$	2,171,767	\$	3,952,534	\$	10,160,106
		<u> </u>		· ·		<u> </u>		

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

CIVIC SAN DIEGO Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

	 2016
Total fund balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 9,287,935
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position were different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	3,214,569
Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(218,076)
Long-term advances from the City of San Diego are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	 (810,564)
Net position of Governmental Activities	\$ 11,473,864

CIVIC SAN DIEGO Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	General Fund	Special Rev	venue Funds		
	Civic San Diego	Economic Growth and Neighborhood Downtown Community Investment Fund Parking Program		Eliminations	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:					
Contributions from the City of San Diego:					
Successor agency	\$ 3,281,240	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,281,240
Parking meters	414,625	-	3,258,010	(418,049)	3,254,586
Developer impact fees	100,000	-	-	-	100,000
Economic development	353,574	-	-	-	353,574
Charges for services:					
Placement and servicing fees	-	1,143,000	-	-	1,143,000
Management fees	246,192	294,920	-	(246,192)	294,920
Permit fees	1,142,832	-	-	-	1,142,832
Developer deposits	43,661	-	-	-	43,661
Intergovernmental - SANDAG grant	220,498	-	1,443,168	-	1,663,666
Interest and realized gains	83,276	37	-	-	83,313
Miscellaneous	4,644		124,839		129,483
Total revenues	5,890,542	1,437,957	4,826,017	(664,241)	11,490,275
EXPENDITURES: Current:					
General government and support	3,693,032	-	-	-	3,693,032
Planning	964,041	-	-	-	964,041
Parking district	460,946	-	1,946,391	(418,049)	1,989,288
Economic development	388,109	-	-	-	388,109
New market tax credit program	242,244	269,241	-	(246,192)	265,293
Capital outlay	-		2,666,734	-	2,666,734
Total expenditures	5,748,372	269,241	4,613,125	(664,241)	9,966,497
Excess of revenues over expenditures	142,170	1,168,716	212,892		1,523,778
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	-	-	3,418,030	-	3,418,030
Transfers out	(3,418,030)	-		-	(3,418,030)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,418,030)		3,418,030		
Net change in fund balances	(3,275,860)	1,168,716	3,630,922		1,523,778
FUND BALANCES:	(3,273,000)	1,100,710	5,050,922		1,525,776
	6,687,753	961,387	115,017		7,764,157
Beginning of year					
End of year	\$ 3,411,893	\$ 2,130,103	\$ 3,745,939	\$ -	\$ 9,287,935

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	 2016
Net change in fund balances - total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,523,778
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities were different because:	
Governmental funds report the acquisition and/or construction of capital assets as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amounts below represent the depreciation expense on capital assets and capital asset acquisitions.	
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	2,666,734 (848)
In the Statement of Activities, compensated absences (vacation and sick leave) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (the amounts actually paid) and any amounts due and payable at year-end. During fiscal year 2016, vacation and sick leave earned was more than the amount used.	(49,740)
Revenues recognized in the Statement of Activities as operating grants and contributions related to prior advances received from the City of San Diego, that will not be repaid.	5,206,683
Revenues recognized in the Statement of Activities for services rendered related to proceeds received on advances from the City of San Diego in a previous year.	 37,511
Change in net position of Governmental Activities	\$ 9,384,118

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS

Financial Reporting Entity

Civic San Diego (Corporation) is a nonprofit public benefit corporation originally incorporated on March 31, 1975 as Centre City Development Corporation, Inc. The Corporation was established to administer certain redevelopment projects in downtown San Diego and to provide redevelopment advisory services to the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Diego (Redevelopment Agency), now the City of San Diego (City) as the Successor Agency. The Corporation, pursuant to a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the City of San Diego, acting as the Downtown Community Parking District Advisory Board, also administers the Downtown Community Parking District Program (DCPD Program). The Corporation is primarily funded by contributions from the City of San Diego. The Corporation is governed by a nine member board of directors who are appointed by the mayor of the City of San Diego and the San Diego City Council.

The Corporation is a blended component unit of the City, as the City is financially accountable for the Corporation. The Corporation's annual budget and governing board are approved by the City Council of the City of San Diego. The Corporation provides services to the Successor Agency and the City. The City Council's function is to appoint the Board of Directors of the Corporation and to act as the Successor Agency, represented by the Corporation, in the downtown (Centre City) area. The Corporation, on behalf of the former Redevelopment Agency, also carries out the wind-down functions of the former project areas administered by the Corporation and the former Southeastern Economic Development Corporation (SEDC), including other planning, parking, and economic development functions on behalf of the City of San Diego.

On June 25, 2012, the City, as the designated Successor Agency to the former Redevelopment of the City of San Diego (Successor Agency), and the sole member of the Corporation, amended both the Corporation's and SEDC's Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws, restructuring and reorganizing the two nonprofit corporations into a single corporation named Civic San Diego, a California nonprofit public benefit corporation.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the Corporation's financial statements present the primary government and its component units. The Corporation represents the primary government while entities for which the Corporation is considered to be financially accountable represent its component units. Collectively, the primary government and component units comprise the reporting entity.

Blended component units represent separate legal entities, which are so intertwined with the primary government that they are, in substance, the same as the primary government. Included within the Corporation's reporting entity is the Civic San Diego Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund.

Civic San Diego Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund (Growth Fund) is a nonprofit public benefit corporation organized to make qualified low income community investments in the City of San Diego or other activities, which qualify for New Markets Tax Credits (NMTC). The Growth Fund's purpose is also to engage in other activities, such as (1) raising equity for the investment by the Growth Fund or its affiliated entities; (2) form subsidiary limited liability companies, which the Growth Fund serves as manager or managing member, or subsidiary limited partnerships in which the Growth Fund serves as general partner; (3) apply on behalf of such subsidiaries for certification as a qualified community development entity (CDE) as defined in Section 45D of the Internal Revenue Code; (4) transfer any allocations of NMTCs that it receives to subsidiary CDEs; and (5) raise equity for investment in the subsidiary CDEs.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS (Continued)

In December 2012, the Community Development Financial Institutions Fund (CDFI Fund) of the United States Department of Treasury certified the Growth Fund as a qualified CDE. Subsequently, in March 2013, the Growth Fund established the following subsidiary limited liability companies:

Civic San Diego Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund Sub-CDE I, LLC Civic San Diego Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund Sub-CDE II, LLC Civic San Diego Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund Sub-CDE III, LLC

In September 2014, three additional subsidiary limited liability companies were established:

Civic San Diego Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund Sub-CDE IV, LLC Civic San Diego Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund Sub-CDE V, LLC Civic San Diego Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund Sub-CDE VI, LLC

In June 2016, three additional subsidiary limited liability companies were established:

Civic San Diego Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund Sub-CDE VII, LLC Civic San Diego Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund Sub-CDE VIII, LLC Civic San Diego Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund Sub-CDE IX, LLC

The Growth Fund is governed by a nine member board of directors, which consists of the Corporation's board of directors. As such, the Corporation can impose its will on the Growth Fund.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting / Measurement Focus

The accounts of the Corporation are organized on the basis of fund accounting, in which each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues and expenditures. Generally, governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds, based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Corporation's government-wide financial statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These financial statements are presented using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting and summarize the Corporation's governmental activities. Accordingly, all of the Corporation's assets and liabilities, including long-term assets and liabilities, are included in the accompanying statement of net position. The Corporation does not currently have any deferred outflows or inflows of resources. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned and expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Certain types of transactions are reported as program revenues for the Corporation, such as charges to customers or applicants who use or directly benefit from services or privileges provided by a particular function (charges for services) and operating grants and contributions. Charges for services revenue consists of placement and servicing fees, management fees, permit application fees, and earned developer deposits for providing development review services. Operating grants and contributions primarily represent contributions received from the City of San Diego to carry out various activities, such as economic development, planning, and parking.

CIVIC SAN DIEGO Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Corporation's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Governmental Funds Financial Statements

Governmental funds financial statements include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for each of the Corporation's funds. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences between total fund balances of the Corporation's governmental funds and the net change in total fund balances as presented in these statements to the net position and change in net position presented in the government-wide financial statements. The reconciliation of the governmental funds financial statements to the government-wide financial statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34.

Governmental funds are accounted for on a "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheet, with the exception that long-term interfund loans are recognized in the respective funds. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balance.

Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Corporation considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred. However, expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due at year-end.

The Corporation reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund (Civic San Diego) – represents the primary operating fund of the Corporation, which accounts for the financial resources and activities of the Corporation not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund Special Revenue Fund – accounts for the activities of the Corporation's blended component unit, the Growth Fund.

Downtown Parking Program Special Revenue Fund – accounts for the activities of the Corporation associated with administering the Downtown Community Parking District Program.

Cash

The Corporation's cash consists of cash on hand and cash on deposit with financial institutions.

Long-term Investment

The Corporation through the Growth Fund makes certain long-term investments by virtue of its activities in the NMTC Program. With each NMTC transaction, the Growth Fund invests funds into a special-purpose entity to carry out the allocation of NMTCs. As of June 30, 2016, the Corporation invested \$2,273 in the Sub-CDE I, LLC (Copley-Price YMCA); \$1,635 in the Sub-CDE II, LLC (FHCSD); \$712 in the Sub-CDE III (37 ECB); \$796 in the Sub-CDE IV, LLC (Urban Corps of San Diego County); and \$2,298 in the Sub-CDE V (Jackie Robinson YMCA).

CIVIC SAN DIEGO Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported in the statement of net position. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and a useful life of greater than one year. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Years
Vehicles	5
Office Equipment	5-7
Computer Equipment	3

Compensated Absences

Accumulated leave benefits (accrued vacation and sick leave) are accrued when incurred in the governmentwide financial statements. The Corporation provides personal time off (PTO) leave to cover both vacation and sick leave for regular full-time employees. The Corporation's policy permits full-time regular employees to earn between 144 hours to 224 hours annually based on length of service. Regular part-time employees working 20 or more hours per week shall accrue PTO on a prorated basis. PTO leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of twice the number of hours accrued annually based on the employee's length of service.

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position consists of the following categories:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by any outstanding debt that is attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

<u>Restricted</u> consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities related to those assets. Resources that are restricted typically arise from external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments. Restricted amounts are primarily associated with the Corporation's activities related to the Growth Fund and the Parking District. Restricted balances of the Growth Fund are limited to activities associated with investment in Low Income Communities, or other activities in furtherance of the purpose of the Growth Fund such as raising capital or equity for investment by the Corporation or its affiliated entities, and to receiving, investing and utilizing (i) gross receipts from activities related to the Corporation's exempt functions, and (ii) funds and property acquired through solicitation of contribution, donations, gifts, grants, bequests, and the like. Restricted balances of the Parking District are limited to activities associated with the management of the Downtown Community Parking District, including addressing the supply of parking and mobility issues within the district. Such activities may include increasing the supply of parking or promoting the use of alternative forms of transportation, as well as other parking related programs.

<u>Unrestricted</u> represents resources that do not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position".

Fund Balances

Fund balances presented in the governmental fund financial statements represent the difference between assets and liabilities and are classified into the following categories based upon the type of restrictions imposed on the use of funds:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Nonspendable</u> – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – This classification includes amounts that have constraints placed on the use of resources that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted fund balance in the General Fund primarily represents proceeds from funds advanced from the City of San Diego that can only be used for the purposes for which the advances were provided, such as the construction of capital assets or maintenance of assets. Restricted amounts are primarily associated with the Corporation's activities related to the Growth Fund and the Parking District. Restricted balances of the Growth Fund are limited to activities associated with investment in Low Income Communities, or other activities in furtherance of the purpose of the Growth Fund such as raising capital or equity for investment by the Corporation or its affiliated entities, and to receiving, investing and utilizing (i) gross receipts from activities related to the Corporation's exempt functions, and (ii) funds and property acquired through solicitation of contribution, donations, gifts, grants, bequest and the like. Restricted balances of the Parking District are limited to activities associated with the management of the Downtown Community Parking District program including addressing the supply of parking and mobility issues within the district. Such activities may include increasing the supply of parking or promoting the use of alternative forms of transportation, as well as, other parking related programs.

<u>Committed</u> – This classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action by the entity's highest level of decision-making authority. The Corporation did not have any committed fund balance as of June 30, 2016.

<u>Assigned</u> – This classification includes amounts intended to be used by the entity for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The Corporation did not have any assigned fund balance as of June 30, 2016.

<u>Unassigned</u> – This classification is the residual amount for the Corporation's General Fund that includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The Corporation reduces restricted amounts first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) amounts are available. The Corporation reduces committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Eliminations

Amounts reported in the elimination column in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances represent revenue recognized by the Corporation's General Fund for expenditures incurred for performing services related to activities of the New Markets Tax Credit and Parking District programs. The amounts are being eliminated for purposes of properly reporting revenues and expenses, thereby not double counting the same amounts already being recognized in the Growth Fund and Downtown Community Parking Program Special Revenue Funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Management believes that the estimates made are reasonable.

NOTE 3 – CASH

Cash

The carrying amount of the Corporation's cash consisted of the following at June 30, 2016:

Petty cash	\$ 500
Cash – checking	5,360,108
Cash – savings	 2,444,147
Total Cash	\$ 7,804,755

As of June 30, 2016 the bank balance was \$8,036,625. The difference between the carrying value of the Corporation's cash balances and the bank balances were due to deposits in transit and outstanding checks. Of the bank balances \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC). The remaining balances were collateralized by securities held by the financial institution and are considered to be held in the name of the Corporation.

Restricted Cash

Restricted cash reported in the Civic San Diego General Fund represents funds specifically for the Floor Area Ratio (FAR) Bonus Payment Program (Program) within the Centre City Planned District (District). FAR Bonus Payments collected through the Program, must be used for the acquisition, design and development of public parks and enhanced public right-of-way improvements.

Restricted cash reported in the Downtown Community Parking Program special revenue fund are limited to activities associated with the management of the Downtown Community Parking District including addressing the supply of parking and mobility issues within the District.

CIVIC SAN DIEGO Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	July 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2016			
Nondepreciable capital assets:							
Construction in progress	\$ 499,072	\$ 2,666,734	\$ -	\$ 3,165,806			
Depreciable capital assets:							
Vehicles	\$ 19,560	\$ -	\$-	\$ 19,560			
Office equipment	299,271	-	-	299,271			
Computer equipment	130,980			130,980			
Total capital assets	449,811			449,811			
Less accumulated depreciation:							
Vehicles	(17,605)	-	-	(17,605)			
Office equipment	(264,713)	(848)	-	(265,561)			
Computer equipment	(117,882)			(117,882)			
Total accumulated depreciation	(400,200)	(848)		(401,048)			
Total depreciable capital assets	49,611	(848)		48,763			
Total capital assets, net	\$ 548,683	\$ 2,665,886	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 3,214,569			

Depreciation expense of \$848 for the year ended June 30, 2016 is reported in the general government and support function in the statement of activities.

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Advances from the City of San Diego

Successor Agency and Housing Successor Agency

Pursuant to the Agreement for Consulting Services by and between the City of San Diego and Civic San Diego for Successor Agency and Housing Successor Agency, the City is to provide working capital to the Corporation to pay its operating costs and expenses while the Corporation waits to receive its monthly reimbursement of expenditures. The total amount of the working capital advance shall not be less than One Twelfth (1/12th) of the Approved Consultants Services Budget for the cost to perform services under the agreement. Any unused funds from the working capital advance are to be returned to the City upon termination of the agreement. As of June 30, 2016, the outstanding advance from the City was \$674,302.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Planning, Downtown Community Parking District and Economic Development Services

Pursuant to the Agreement for Consulting Services by and between the City of San Diego and Civic San Diego for Administration of Certain Planned Districts, the Downtown Community Parking District and Economic Development Services (Exhibit B, Section B.1), the City is to provide working capital to the Corporation to pay its operating costs and expenses while the Corporation waits to receive its monthly reimbursement of expenses. The total amount of the working capital advance shall not be less than One Twelfth (1/12th) of the Approved Consultants Services Budget for the cost to perform services under the agreement. Any unused funds from the working capital advance shall be returned to the City upon termination of the agreement. As of June 30, 2016, the outstanding advance from the City totaled \$136,262.

A summary of changes in the Corporation's long-term liabilities for the years ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

	 July 1, 2015 Additions E			Deletions	 June 30, 2016	ue Within One Year	
Advances from the City of San Diego Compensated Absences	\$ 6,054,759 168,335	\$	228,316	\$	(5,244,195) (178,576)	\$ 810,564 218,075	\$ 112,310
Total	\$ 6,223,094	\$	228,316	\$	(5,422,771)	\$ 1,028,639	\$ 112,310

NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLAN

The Corporation sponsors a 403(b) tax deferred retirement plan (Plan) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, which is provided to all full-time regular employees. The Plan is a defined contribution plan under which benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the Plan by the employer and the employees, plus investment earnings. All full-time regular employees are eligible to participate on their first day of employment and contribute an amount equal to 7.5% of their semi-monthly compensation.

Effective on the first payroll following three months of employment, the Corporation contributes an amount equal to 12% of the total semi-monthly compensation for all full-time regular employees. The Corporation's contributions for each employee are fully vested at the time of contribution. The Corporation's total payroll (excluding benefits) for fiscal year 2016 was \$2,879,602. The Corporation's contributions were calculated based on the Plan's total defined compensation amounts for all eligible employees, which totaled \$2,853,078. The Corporation made its required contribution amounting to \$334,260 for fiscal year 2016.

The fiduciary responsibilities of the Corporation consist of making timely contributions and remitting deposits collected. The Plan is not a component unit of the Corporation and is therefore not reported in the basic financial statements.

The Corporation defined that an eligible participant is a permanent and full-time employee that normally works at least 30 hours per week. An employee is considered to work at least 30 hours per week, if for the 12-month period beginning on the date the employee's employment commenced, the Corporation reasonably expects the employee to work at least 1,500 service hours and, for each Plan year ending after the close of that 12-month period, the employee has worked at least 1,500 service hours.

CIVIC SAN DIEGO Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

NOTE 7 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Corporation is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster.

The Corporation is presently involved in certain matters of litigation that have arisen in the normal course of conducting the Corporation's business. Corporation management believes, based upon consultation with the Corporation's attorneys, that these cases, in the aggregate, are not expected to result in a material adverse financial impact on the Corporation. The Corporation is covered by various insurance policies for property, liability, workers' compensation and errors and omissions, with deductibles that vary from \$1,000 to \$25,000. The Corporation's management believes that the insurance programs are sufficient to cover any potential losses should an unfavorable outcome materialize.

There were no claim settlements that exceeded insurance coverage during the past three fiscal years.

Civic San Diego as Lessee

The Corporation leases its office facilities under a non-cancelable operating lease, which has been extended and terms renegotiated through June 30, 2020. The new lease agreement began July 1, 2015, with lease payments for FY 2016 of \$406,152.

As of June 30, 2016, the future minimum lease payments for the office lease are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2017	\$ 423,972
2018	443,784
2019	463,596
2020	483,408
Total	¢ 1 814 760
Total	\$ 1,814,760

In addition, the Corporation leases copiers under a non-cancelable operating lease for a term of 60 months. Monthly payments include the following: maintenance, servicing of and supplies (including toner) for the new lease photocopiers; and the maintenance, servicing of and supplies (including toner); and maintenance, monitoring of and supplies (including toner) for Corporation-owned desktop printers.

As of June 30, 2016, the future minimum lease payments for the copier leases are as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30,	
2017	\$ 51,192
2018	 21,330
Total	\$ 72,522

Total costs associated with all leases amounted to \$457,344 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

NOTE 8 – ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Successor Agency to the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Diego is the primary funding source for the Corporation; therefore, any reduction in the Successor Agency's funding could substantially alter the services provided by the Corporation.

On behalf of the City, the Corporation carries out certain municipal functions such as planning and design review within the Centre City area. The City Council created the Corporation originally to administer redevelopment, but subsequently has added the administration of the design review process and planning functions, consistent with the community plan and planned district ordinances, within the Centre City area. Additionally, the City has designated the Corporation as the Downtown Community Parking District Advisory Board (Downtown CPD), whose boundaries are concurrent with those of the Centre City area, to oversee, implement, and manage parking within the Centre City area.

The Corporation instituted permit processing fees for applicants in connection with the Corporation's activities, as it relates to the design review and planning, similar to fees that other jurisdictions assess. Additionally, the Corporation, acting as the Downtown CPD, oversees and implements a budget of approximately \$2.5 million to \$4 million annually (excluding carryover amounts available to the Corporation) to carry out the functions of the Downtown CPD.

NOTE 9 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Civic San Diego Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund was awarded \$50,000,000 in New Markets Tax Credits on November 17, 2016.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES:								
Contributions from the City of San Diego:								
Successor agency	\$	4,086,734	\$	4,086,734	\$ 3,281,240	\$	(805,494)	
Parking meters		626,144		626,144	414,625		(211,519)	
Developer impact fees		-		-	100,000		100,000	
Economic development		375,000		375,000	353,574		(21,426)	
Charges for services:								
Management fees - new market tax credit program		719,098		719,098	246,192		(472,906)	
Permit fees		1,042,825		1,042,825	1,142,832		100,007	
Developer deposits		250,000		250,000	43,661		(206,339)	
Intergovernmental - SANDAG grant		-		-	220,498		220,498	
Interest and realized gains		500		500	83,276		82,776	
Miscellaneous		345,500		345,500	 4,644		(340,856)	
Total revenues		7,445,801		7,445,801	 5,890,542		(1,555,259)	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government and support		595,640		595,640	3,693,032		(3,097,392)	
Successor agency		4,086,733		4,086,733	-		4,086,733	
Planning		1,042,766		1,042,766	964,041		78,725	
Parking district		626,145		626,145	460,946		165,199	
Economic development		779,620		779,620	388,109		391,511	
New market tax credit program		314,098		314,098	242,244		71,854	
Total expenditures		7,445,000		7,445,000	 5,748,372		1,696,630	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		801		801	142,170		141,371	
OTHER FINANCING USES:								
Transfers out					(3,418,030)		(3,418,030)	
Transfers out					 (3,418,030)		(3,418,030)	
Net change in fund balance	\$	801	\$	801	\$ (3,275,860)	\$	(3,276,659)	
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year					 6,687,753			
End of year					\$ 3,411,893			

See Accompanying Note to Required Supplementary Information.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual Downtown Community Parking Program Special Revenue Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:								<u> </u>
Contributions from the City of San Diego:								
Parking meters	\$	3,169,400	\$	3,169,400		3,258,010	\$	88,610
Intergovernmental - SANDAG grant		1,000,000		1,000,000		1,443,168		443,168
Miscellaneous		-		-		124,839		124,839
Total revenues		4,169,400		4,169,400		4,826,017		656,617
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Parking district:								
Administration		600,000		600,000		418,049		181,951
Parking meter GIS system		5,000		5,000		-		5,000
New technology		200,000		200,000		-		200,000
Downtown parking and circulation plans/environmental impact report		250,000		250,000		210,457		39,543
Bicycle mobility/rack purchase and installation		20,000		20,000		-		20,000
Bike Valet - Downtown Wide		75,000		75,000		-		75,000
Downtown Parking App/Website		75,000		75,000		-		75,000
Way finding systems		1,929,500		1,929,500		1,415,918		513,582
Electronic parking information system		500,000		500,000		83,912		416,088
Future parking garages		2,446,276		2,446,276		-		2,446,276
East Village Green Funding (formerly Cedar Gateway&Future) garage operations		1,300,000		1,300,000		54,252		1,245,748
Neighborhood Programs (formerly Little Italy Parking Program)		810,000		810,000		683,396		126,604
Downtown shuttle program		300,000		300,000		503,111		(203,111)
Reconfigure existing on-street parking		200,000		200,000		-		200,000
Pedestrian improvements - Island Avenue Pop-Outs		1,783,992		1,783,992		1,244,030		539,962
Operating contingency		1,049,477		1,049,477		-		1,049,477
Total expenditures		11,544,245		11,544,245		4,613,125		6,931,120
Excess of revenues under expenditures		(7,374,845)		(7,374,845)		212,892		7,587,737
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:								
Transfers in		-		-		3,418,030		3,418,030
Net change in fund balance	\$	(7,374,845)	\$	(7,374,845)	\$	3,630,922	\$	(6,274,503)
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						115,017		
End of year					\$	3,745,939		

CIVIC SAN DIEGO Note to Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Year June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The Corporation prepares its annual budget on the accrual basis of accounting in a format required by the City of San Diego (City). The budget is approved by the Corporation's Board of Directors (Board) and the City. The Corporation's expenditures are controlled at the line item level with transfers between line items requiring Board approval, and transfers between salaries and benefits and all other line items requiring both Board approval, as well as approval from the City. The Corporation has a legally adopted budget for the General Fund and the Downtown Community Parking Program Special Revenue Fund. The Economic Growth and Neighborhood Investment Fund does not have an annual adopted budget.

OTHER REPORT



Century City Los Angeles Newport Beach Oakland Sacramento San Diego San Francisco Walnut Creek Woodland Hills

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Directors of Civic San Diego

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Civic San Diego (Corporation), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Corporation's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 22, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Corporation's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Macias Gini & O'Connell LP

San Diego, California February 22, 2017